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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

VOLUME XXIX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1895. NUMBER 38.

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"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH
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s the place to get your
OB PRINTING
ptly and satisfactorily executed. We
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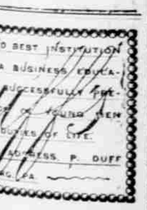
ost Reasonable Rates.

Cambria Freeman
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.

ndon letter to women. No. 1.
aurel Ave., San Francisco,
ay 18, 1892.
Dear friend of women:
When my baby was born,
years ago, I got up in six
s. Far too soon. Result:
ng of the womb. Ever since
been miserable.
I tried everything: doctors,
dines, apparatus; but grew
se.
I could hardly stand; and
king without support was
ossible.
At last I saw an advertise-
nt of Lydia E. Pinkham's
etable Compound, and de-
ed to try it. The effect was
nishing. Since I took the
st bottle my womb has not
bled me, and, thanks only
you, I am now well. Every
ffering woman
ould know how
liable your
mpound is. It
s sure cure."
s. A. Detwiler.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in the presence of Jas. P. Sullivan, Notary Public, this 18th day of May, 1892.

Jas. P. Sullivan

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.
The great popularity of this preparation, the latest of many years, should be an honor, even to the most skeptical, that it really is deserving. Those who have used Hall's Hair Renewer know that it will do all that is claimed.
It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—invigorates the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores hair to gray or faded hair; promotes the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or turning gray; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and heavy.
HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate the whole system. It is not a dye, and is the most delicate article for toilet use. Contains no alcohol. It does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.
Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS
colors them brown or black, as desired, is the best dye, because it is harmless; gives a permanent natural color; and, as a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.
PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.



THE GREAT AND BEST INSTITUTION FOR TRAINING A BUSINESS EDUCATION. WHERE SUCCESSFUL MEN AND WOMEN ARE MADE. ACTIVE YOUNG MEN WANTED. FOR CIRCULARS ADDRESS P. DUFF & SON, PITTSBURGH, PA.

WANTED AGENTS
to represent the Most Complete Nurseries in the States. Stock widely advertised fifty years, known and wanted by every planter. Even beginners always succeed with it. Experienced Agents double their sales and increase. Now is the time to start. ELLWANGER & BARRY, Rochester, N.Y.

CANCER and Tumors CURED: no knife used. Book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & ROSS, 121 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

A FOOL

never wants to learn, but the
WISE MAN
reads that
OLD HONESTY
CHEWING TOBACCO
is the best that is made, and at ONCE tries it, and saves money and secures more satisfaction than ever before. AVOID imitations. Insist on having the genuine. If your dealer hasn't it ask him to get it for you.
JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

Constipation
Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. The best remedy is Ayer's Pills. Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.
"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.
"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.
"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an
Effective Remedy
for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.
"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.
"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.
"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 30 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.
"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.
Ayer's Pills,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

PINEOLA : CREAM : BALSAM
is excellent for all throat inflammations and for asthma. Consumptives will invariably derive benefit from its use, as it quickly abates the cough, renders expectoration easy, assisting nature in restoring wasted tissues. There is a large percentage of those who suppose their cases to be consumption who are only suffering from a chronic cold or deep seated cough, often aggravated by catarrh. For catarrh use Ely's Cream Balm. Both remedies are pleasant to use. Cream Balm, 50c. per bottle; Pineola Balsam, 25c. at Druggists. In quantities of $2.50 we will deliver on receipt of amount.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.
nov.10 94ly.

Steel Picket Fence.
CHEAPER THAN WOOD

The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. [This is not a setting] can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture Heavy Iron Fencing, Crestings, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Fences, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grilles, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.
TAYLOR & DEAN,
201, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.
mch 29-6m.

THE TOWER OF BABEL.

To Be Reproduced in Miniature for the Atlanta Fair.

A Feature of the Coming Exposition That Will Be Interesting and Instructive to Visitors of All Ages and Callings.

The Smithsonian Institution is preparing a miniature model of the Tower of Babel for the exposition of Atlanta. It will be in all respects, so far as possible, a faithful reproduction of the famous original. The latter was the greatest of the many magnificent temples of Babylon, being one hundred and forty feet high. That does not seem much compared with the Washington monument, but people in those days were not accustomed to tall structures, and the ancient capital of Assyria was situated in the midst of a vast plain, where there were no natural elevations to serve for comparison. The model in question, says the Washington Star, will be five feet eight inches square on the first story. When it is stated that the first story of the actual Tower of Babel was seventy-two feet square, a notion will be given of the proportion. The original building was constructed in diminishing stories, each one being a smaller square than that beneath. This was a common style of architecture in Assyria, and from it evolved the Egyptian pyramid. The stories for the model are square wooden frames of different sizes, so made that they may be superposed one upon another. These frames, after being put together, will be faced on the outside with a veneer of plaster of paris, which will imitate the sun-dried bricks of which the tower was composed.

The building of the model is under the charge of Dr. Palmer. The work, however, is superintended by Dr. Cyrus Adler, who has made an exhaustive study of the historic Tower of Babel. Mechanically speaking, the most difficult part of the job is the casting of the plaster of paris that is to imitate the bricks. Every brick on the exterior of the structure is represented and this is accomplished by making a single mold, in which the little bricks are laboriously indicated. From this mold many casts are made, and so the whole surface is covered. The Babylonians had no stone, and so they were obliged to employ for all their buildings such sun-dried bricks. They did not understand the use of molds for the purpose. Naturally, structures of such material soon crumbled and did not last very long.

The Tower of Babel stood upon an elevated platform of earth six hundred feet square. This was surmounted and retained by a wall of bricks ten feet high. Both platform and wall will be represented in the model, which will be quite an imposing affair when finished. The stories will be painted in different colors, to imitate the original building, according to descriptions given of it in Assyrian literature. The first story was black, in honor of Saturn; the second story of orange, for Jupiter; the third story red, for Mars; the fourth story covered with plates of gold, for the sun; the fifth story white, for Venus; the sixth story dark blue, for Mercury, and the seventh story covered with plates of silver, in honor of the moon.

The old Babylonians were worshipers of the sun, and knew a lot about astronomy. The Tower of Babel was an observatory from which the priests gazed upon the stars in the heavens, drawing portents from them, presumably for sale at so much a portent. The model will have no windows, for it is not known whether or not the original edifice possessed any. Nobody, as yet, has been able to discover how the houses of the Assyrians were lighted. It may be that all the light required for this mighty temple was admitted from the top, which was presumably open to the sky. The stairs were on the outside, and not on the inside of the building. They also will be shown. In fact, no detail will be omitted that may help to give a notion of the exact appearance of this wonderful edifice of antiquity.

CURIOUS TREES.

Several That Are Valuable, Gigantic and Historic.

The largest orange tree in the south is a gigantic specimen which grows out of the rich soil in Terre Bonne parish, Louisiana. It is fifty feet high and fifteen feet in circumference at the base. Its yield has often been ten thousand oranges per season.

The "tallow tree" of China has a pith from one inch to two feet in diameter, according to the size of the tree, which is composed of a greasy wax, which is so highly volatile that it often catches fire spontaneously, consuming the tree to the very ends of its roots.

The largest oak tree now left standing in England is "Cowthorp's oak," which is seventy-eight feet in circumference at the ground. The oldest tree in Britain is "Parliamentary oak," in Clipstone park, London, which is known to be fifteen hundred years old.

The largest apple tree in New York state is said to be one standing near the town of Wilson. It was planted in the year 1815, and it is on record that it once yielded thirty-three barrels of apples in a single season.

There are four hundred and thirteen species of trees found growing within the limits of the whole lot is the black curiosity of the whole lot is the black ironwood, of Florida, which is thirty per cent. heavier than water. Well dried black ironwood will sink in water almost as quickly as will a bar of lead.

The "life tree" of Jamaica is harder to kill than any other species of wood growth known to arboriculturists. It continues to grow and thrive for months after being uprooted and exposed to the sun.

Clearly Proven.

Forty years since, "Porte Crayon" was down on Albemarle sound, and told a native that there were men with mouths eight inches wide. The native declared that was a fish story; Porte reproved him for his incredulity, and pointed out that deductions from known facts proved this statement. "We know," he said, "that oysters must be eaten whole; we know that there are oysters eight inches across the minor dimension; therefore, there must be mouths eight inches wide to take them in, or the beautiful chain of harmony in the universe is broken."

NEW GAMBLING WRINKLE.

How Some Jolly Fellows Seek to Woo the Goddess of Fortune.

There is new form of gambling much affected in clubs and barrooms nowadays that even the board of trade will find it hard to put a stop to, says the Washington Post. Everyone is familiar with the electric fans which in the past few years have proved such a boon in torrid weather. They are shaped like a propeller and have four, five or six blades and are incased in wire cages with large apertures. By touching a lever at the back the machine can be started or stopped at will, and while in motion the velocity is something tremendous. Some wide-awake genius not long ago conceived the idea that the electric fan could be utilized as an excellent means of wooing the goddess of fortune and put the suggestion into operation in this wise: A six-bladed fan was stopped and each of its blades marked with a number. Then six slips of paper were marked with similar numbers and six jolly fellows drew a slip apiece. The number on the slip corresponded to the number on one of the blades and it was decided that the blade that was nearest the perpendicular wire at the bottom of the cage covering the fan when the latter stopped revolving should win the pot. The latter consisted of six dollars, put up equally by the half-dozen players. Then the fun began. The lever would be turned on and as quickly off and the fan would revolve like lightning, slow down and stop in half a minute. There was no "kitty" to be fed as in poker, no percentage of split, as in faro, and no rake off for the house, as in other games. It was a pure luck affair and the heaviest loser was not more than five dollars out at the end of an hour's whirling, while the excitement had been as intense as the most devoted gambler could desire. Next day each one of the six introduced the electric fan to his friends in its new guise as a spinning jenny and now the game has spread all over town. The interest in it is heightened a good deal by having a blank blade, which when it stops at the winning wire constitutes a jack pot and necessitates the players putting up an extra stake, just as in poker. So from a one dollar ante in brokers' offices to whirling for coppers by district messengers the electric fan is being brought into requisition with general hilarity.

THE LARGEST LENS.

The Splendid Achievement of an American Manufacturer.

The Clarks have accomplished what has long been regarded as an impossible thing, and one which no European manufacturer of lenses could be induced to attempt. This is the making of a perfect lens of more than three feet across the face. No one but this American manufacturer ever thought of exceeding the twenty-six-inch lenses which are in use at several observatories on both continents, one at the naval observatory at Washington, through which Mr. Hall discovered the long-sought satellites of Mars and many double stars. The highest power was supposed to be reached when the Lick telescope in California was put up with a thirty-six-inch lens. The difficulties to be met in the production of a perfectly clear lens of great size are so many that the European observers who have wanted anything above the twenty-six-inch lens have had to take the reflecting telescope, which has a concave mirror. It requires, of course, a much larger reflecting telescope to get the same amount of light and the same magnitude of object.

The making of this forty-one and a half-inch lens, says the New York Commercial Advertiser, is regarded as the crowning work of Mr. Alvan Clark's life. It is probable no larger lens will ever be made. Under existing conditions a larger telescope than the Yerkes—the telescope of the Chicago university observatory for which the lens is made—would be of no great value. To increase the magnifying power is at the same time to increase the obstructions to clear vision. When the object is magnified the atmospheric agitation is increased to such a degree that distinctness is virtually sacrificed when the object glass is larger than forty-one and a half-inches. It is doubtful if the Yerkes will be any more useful than the Lick. Some day it may be possible to remove the obstacles to clearness in the case of a powerful lens, though the only reason for suggesting it is that Prof. Tyndall was able to construct a glass by which the blue of the atmosphere was dissipated in looking through a deep space.

If the Yerkes glass answers expectations it will enable an experienced observer to catch occasional glimpses of the Mars canals, which, though drawn firmly on the Vatican maps, are vague and wavering and almost imaginary through any glass. They can be seen at all only by the trained observer. The great telescope will be most useful in the study of double stars, which is now a matter of special interest to many observers.

Vanished New Hampshire Forests.

In New Hampshire, originally, two great belts of white pine occupied the valleys of the Merrimac and Connecticut which contained some of the finest timber in New England. This magnificent forest has long since disappeared, a few scattered remnants only remaining. Specimens have been known which were more than two hundred feet high and six or eight feet in diameter. As the white pine seeds very freely, the site of the ancient forest is indicated by many tracts of vigorous saplings, which in thirty years are available to cut for pail and fish barrel staves, box boards and even for small building timber. Springing up, as it does, on so many worn out and abandoned farms, it has made industry and wealth possible to many parts of the state which otherwise would have been wholly deserted. It is estimated that southern New Hampshire contributes at least twenty-five million feet of dimension timber each year for small frames for houses and barns in that section, thus displacing that much spruce framing timber.

Ancient Cartoons.

The ancients enjoyed cartoons just as we do, and poked satirical fun at each other by pictures. The walls of Pompeii when dug up were covered in many cases with chalk cartoons of local happenings and with scenes from comic plays.

A TOUCH OF KINDNESS.

The Tramp's Humane Impulse Brought Him No Reward.

He sat slouchingly upon the end of the park bench, his head hanging listlessly over his breast, says the New York World. There was complete dejection in his attitude. An old hat resembling a piece of "culls" in a rag shop lay on the ground, where it had fallen from his head. On one foot was an old felt slipper and on the other an old riding boot, with the top cut off. His trousers and coat were of a dull, mottled gray that comes from hard wear and dust.

Twice he had been moved on by the "sparrow cop" and he had made his way to a bench that was secluded and shaded by a tree. He had gone to sleep.

In the tree the sparrows hopped and twittered in the shade of the foliage. Suddenly through the branches came twisting a tiny featherling, striving hard to make its tender wings bear up the weight of its body. It failed and fell on the graveled walk at the old tramp's feet, stunned and breathing with difficulty. Something caused the tramp to open his eyes and they lit on the little sparrow. He looked at it stupidly for a minute, then, drawing his hand across his forehead, he leaned over and picked it up tenderly. He gazed at it in a wondering way and then glanced up at the branches of the tree, where the mother bird fluttered and chirruped in fright.

He drew the bench a little closer to the tree and climbed upon it. That put him within reach of a lower limb. He laid the little bird carefully on a forked branch and, with a strength surprising in one so feeble, he drew himself up and sat on the limb. Above him, within reach, he saw a nest. It was tipped over so that he could see in it two downy bits of birds like the one he had. He gently placed the bird he carried in the nest, let himself down to the ground, drew the bench back to its original place and turned to go just as a "gray coat" called out to him: "Come, now, get on. You've been around here long enough!"

DANGER IN THE USE OF SLANG.

Experience in Brooklyn Shows Peril in the Word "Rats."

A new illustration of the dangerous confusion that often is created by the prevalence of slang is furnished, says the Brooklyn Times, by an incident reported in this morning's news. A professional rat catcher went to a fashionable club the other evening, and at midnight he had bagged fifty rats. With the fifty living rats in a bag—for this professional scorns to kill any rats on the premises—he left the fashionable club and started home. Then appeared an unknown policeman, who said: "Where are you going?" "None of your business," answered the rat catcher. "So that's your swag," said the policeman, sarcastically, tapping the bag with his club. "Nary swag," said the rat catcher. "What have you in the bag, then?" Here we come to the first crisis of the story, for the reply was "Rats." The policeman then punched the professional for what he, perhaps reasonably, regarded as his impertinence. Moreover, he grabbed the bag and thrust in his inquiring, official hand. Here comes the second crisis of the story, for at least seven rats grabbed that hand. The policeman yelled, and shook off the rats, and, the other forty-three leaping from the bag, the street was soon full of rats. The poor policeman, with rats to the right of him and rats to the left of him and rats in an indefinite vista before and behind him, fled into the night.

This is not the first time that slang has indirectly created confusion in the world. The rat catcher had no suspicion that the policeman would take his explanation amiss. This is the trouble. The slang that creates disaster is generally used unwittingly. May the present picturesque warning be heeded.

A VALUABLE PEBBLE.

The Accidental Good Fortune of a Hunter in India.

Precious stones are still numerous in certain districts of India, and occasionally a fine gem is found by a sportsman or traveler. A young English officer, returning from an unsuccessful hunt on the estate of a petty chief, picked up a stone which lay in his path, and idly threw it against a rock. It broke in a dozen pieces and out fell a brilliant pebble. The Englishman picked it up, looked at it, and was about to throw it away, but changed his mind. "I'll keep it," said he, "as a memento of a day's hunt when I didn't shoot so much as a rat." Some days later, in Bombay, while having his watch repaired, he showed the stone to the jeweler, and asked its worth. "I'll give you twenty pounds for it," said the jeweler, after a careful examination. Had he offered a shilling he might have been told to take the stone and keep the shilling, but the offer of twenty pounds aroused the officer's suspicions, so he responded, with a laugh: "I dare say you would give me that and a trifle more, but I'm going to take it to England." He did so, and sold his "pebble" in London for $15,000.

A WONDERFUL AUTOMATON.

It Took Its Inventor Twenty-Seven Years to Build It.

In the year 1770 the most wonderful automaton that has ever been constructed was exhibited at Exeter exchange, London. This automatic wonder represented a country gentleman's house, and was of such intricate and elaborate construction that no one disputed the claim of the exhibitor when he declared that he had worked twenty-seven years in perfecting it. It showed the regulation English country house, with parks, gardens, cascades temples, bridges, etc., besides over one hundred appropriately clad human figures in the gardens, on the bridges chopping wood, and at various building operations. In the park were several deers moving naturally about and four horses and a coach following the meandering road. Besides the above the figures of boys were seen fishing from the bridges, while a boat load of ladies and gentlemen regularly rowed across an enlargement in the brook, much to the consternation of the natural-looking figures of geese and ducks which were paddling about in the water. The whole of these animate and inanimate figures were inclosed in a space only four and a half feet square.

DEFECTIVE GOVERNMENT

There Is an Absence of Uniformity in Our State Laws.

Wide Differences and Conflicts Between the Codes of the Various States—Some Points on Which They Differ.

One of the most serious defects in our mode of government is the absence of a uniform system of laws. The laws of the United States are, of course, supreme in every state, but the subjects with which they deal are strictly limited by the federal constitution, and everything which lies ouside is within the jurisdiction of the several states.

Acts permitted by local laws or tolerated by local sentiment may be of such a character as seriously to complicate the relations of the United States with other governments, and yet may be wholly beyond the control of the general government. The attack upon Italians in New Orleans in 1891 and many anti-Chinese riots in western states are instances in point, says the Youth's Companion.

Each of the forty-four states has its own code of laws, to which at every session of its legislature large additions are made. There are wide differences and conflicts among the laws. Business practices which are permissible in some states are forbidden in others. Offenses which are visited with heavy penalties in one state are not punished at all in another state adjoining; and sometimes a house which happens to be crossed by a state line is in request, because certain acts which would be illegal at one end of it are legal at the other.

Marriage and divorce laws vary widely. Marriage relations forbidden in one state may be entered into under the more lax laws of another, and the parties to them may resume their residence in the state from which they came. A husband may desert his wife, and after living a short time in another state procure a divorce, and sometimes it is possible to conceal knowledge of the proceedings from her until the decree of divorce has been granted.

There are no means of reconciling these conflicting and contradictory provisions of law except by agreement among the states. An attempt has been made in this direction through the appointment by the several states of commissioners who meet in annual conference to consider measures for promoting uniform laws. New York took the initiative in 1890, and other states have followed its exampie. Probably thirty states will be represented at the conference in Saratoga this month.

The conference has no powers beyond discussion and recommendation. It recommends no law until it has been approved with absolute unanimity at two meetings. Business forms were first considered. A uniform law for the acknowledgment and execution of deeds was adopted; then one prescribing the form of a seal; then statutes as to wills and their probate.

Legislation as to the weights of the bushel or barrel was next considered. There are now variations which promote confusion and fraud; for example, a bushel of oats is thirty pounds in New Jersey and thirty-two pounds in New York. The conference has recommended the abolition of days of grace; proposed a code concerning bills, notes and checks; and considered other questions of business law.

All the states appointing commissioners expressly directed them to deal with marriage and divorce. Touching the first, the conference has recommended that some ceremony, or formality, or written evidence, signed by both parents and attested by one or more witnesses, be required in all marriages; and that stringent provision be made for their immediate record, however solemnized or entered into.

Regarding divorce, it was hopeless to seek agreement concerning causes and methods, but the conference recommended that no divorce be granted unless the defendant is domiciled or has been domiciled within the state where the action is brought, or has been personally served with process within the state. This would put an end to the stealthy procuring of divorces in other states than that in which the parties reside.

Few as have been the recommendations of the conference, those that have been adopted by state legislatures have been fewer. The work of securing uniformity in state laws must be slow and difficult, and partial at the best; but as the reasonableness of it comes to be understood, the commissioners will be reinforced by a strong public sentiment.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

ALUMINUM pens possess all the desirable qualities of steel pens, with the additional advantage that they do not corrode.

THE latest use for tin foil is to pat it down on gas fixtures in barrooms. It looks shiny and pretty when it is fresh, and it keeps off the flies.

WHITE BLACKBERRIES were a curiosity brought into Americus, Ga., by a farmer. They were identical with the ordinary blackberry in form and flavor.

A SIGN put in the Philadelphia trolley cars a few days ago requests passengers to "remain seated until the car stops, and then got off in the direction the car is moving."

A NEWSPAPER has just been started in London, which is printed on a postal card. The first number has four illustrations, a comic tragedy, a few jokes and puzzles and some advertisements.

A TOPEKA newspaper alleges that preparations are making in that town for a wedding at which the bride will wear bloomers. She is said to be an exceedingly emancipated type of the new woman.

Buried Him Deep.

The beadle in a rural district in Perthshire had become too feeble to perform his duties as minister's man and grave digger, and had to get an assistant. The two did not agree well, but after a few months Sandy, the beadle, died, and Tammas had to perform the last service for his late partner. The minister strolled up to Tammas while he was giving the finishing touches to the grave, and casually remarked: "Have you put Sandy weel down, Tammas?" "I hev that, sir," said Tammas, very decidedly. "Sandy *may* get up, but he'll be among the hindmost."

MYSTERY OF A MAINE ISLAND.

A Hermit Englishman Who Ended His Misery by Cutting His Throat.

"Some years ago, up at North Haven island, on the Maine coast," said a New Yorker, according to the Sun of that city, "I came across a mystery that haunts me still. A bare rocky point juts out into the sea on one side of the island, and the first year that I visited the place there was a rude cabin on the rock. Having gone out there from curiosity one day, I found a man in shameful rags trying out the oil from the refuse from a fish-canning factory. When I came to examine the man his appearance astonished me. He was an extremely handsome, well-made Englishman of forty or thereabouts. His hands, soiled with the material he worked in, were small and well shaped. When I tried to draw him into conversation he at first answered in monosyllabies, and was almost sulky in his reserve. He gradually thawed, however, and I found that he spoke rare and beautiful English, that of a well-read and well-bred man. Glancing into the door of his cabin, I could see perhaps a score of well-thumbed volumes in library binding. His reserve was such that I could not ask him about himself, but I left the island deeply interested in him.

"I turned up at North Haven the next year, and one of the earliest things I did was to go out to the point in search of my acquaintance. The rock was bare again, and there was no trace of him and his cottage. I asked about him of some persons I met on the island, and here is what I learned: He had come to the place mysteriously some years before, having been dropped by a schooner. He found work at the fish cannery, but later quit the place, built his cabin on the rock, supplied himself with food chiefly by fishing, and obtained from the factory the privilege of trying oil from the refuse. From the product he obtained a little ready money for tobacco and other luxuries. At some time between my two visits his cabin was discovered to be on fire late one night, and, hurrying down, his neighbors saw him amid the flames dead, with his throat cut. The fire had so seized upon the hut that his body could not be removed until it was nearly consumed. He was buried, and no solution of the mystery was discovered. Life had evidently become insupportable to him, and he had taken the way of suicide as the easiest one out of misery."

AN AMERICAN TRAIT.

Whatever Is Done Is with All the Energy Possessed.

When E. S. Martin, in his comments on "This Busy World," described with accuracy that intensity of energy and excess of zeal which overtrained the Cornell crew and led to their inglorious defeat, he pointed, says Harper's Weekly, to a trait of American character which must be estimated and understood by anyone who undertakes to set forth the existing conditions of American life and development. As Mr. Martin truthfully says: "It has been said of politics in this country that it is war. In the intensity of business competition there seems to be a growing sentiment that business is war." This merely means that the American pushes every principle to its ultimate logical conclusion, but this is one of the keynotes of American character.

It may be a good trait or a bad one, but it is essentially and exclusively an American trait. It is probably the out come of those conditions of freedom under which we struggle and conquer or fall, but it exists in no other country. In this country alone has the principle of business competition been pushed to its utmost. Then, when the limit of competition has been reached, a struggle equally fierce has developed the principle of combination, and pools, and trusts, and syndicates, and traffic agreements have shifted the scene and scale and scope of the contest.

The principle extends alike to great things and to small ones. We play the game for all there is in it, whether the game be politics or poker, railroad management or college athletics. It may wear us out, but it does not let us rust out. It may interfere with our growth in sweetness and light, but it is not a trait of weaklings and decadents. Above all it is evolution, the development of natural causes lying down deep at the roots of our national life. It is a movement we have entered on, to which we are fully committed, and which we could not check if we would.

AILING JUST A LITTLE.

The Ladies Took No Further Interest in the Infant's Health.

She had a seat in a Michigan avenue car, with a baby in her lap, all bundled up in an old shawl, says the Detroit Free Press. A woman next to her with two small children seemed to have considerable curiosity about that baby, and, after trying several times to get a sight of its face, she said:

"Haven't you got your child bundled up a good deal for this weather?"

"But I have to keep him warm, ma'am," was the reply.

"For what reason?"

"The doctor told me to."

"Then the poor little thing is ailing?"

"Just a little ailing, ma'am—just a little. He's got measles with the mumps atop of it, but the doctor says he's growing—"

No one heard the rest of her words. There were four or five mothers and six or seven children in the car and there was a stampede which took them all out and everybody else as well. When the car rolled on again the woman with the baby looked at the conductor inquiringly and asked:

"Has anything broke down or blown up or run off the track to scare 'em all out?"

To Manufacture Glass Pipe.

A new method of manufacturing glass pipe has been discovered which promises to revolutionize that industry. It has hitherto been found impossible to mold large glass tubes of any great length because the glass would cool while running into the mold, and the structure of the tube was not homogeneous. The new method consists of using a mold with a movable piston. The piston is just enough smaller than the outer shell of the mold to allow for the thickness of the tube to be made. The piston is placed the bottom of the mold and as the molten glass is poured in the piston is forced upward by hydraulic pressure. Pipes are made by this process in sections six feet long and are used for sewers and water pipes.

SMOKEJACKS AND CAPS.

An Increasing Number Coming Into View Upon the City's Housetops.

"It seems to me," said a New York citizen recently, "that there is a very striking increase in the number of chimneypots and smokejacks and smokecaps visible in the city. The chimneypots are mostly of the conventional form, like a slightly tapering cone with the top cut off; the smokejacks and caps are of various heights and styles. I suppose the object of all these things is to improve the draught of the chimney. I don't know why we should have more of them now than we used to, whether it is on account of some difference in the construction of our chimneys, which makes them necessary; whether we are not satisfied with a draught that would have satisfied us years ago, and want the chimney to draw better as we want and expect to have everything better nowadays; or whether the construction in these days of many higher buildings has made such changes in the air currents and atmospheric conditions generally as materially to affect the draught of many chimneys; but I know there are more chimney pots.

"This last idea about the breaking up of the air currents and that sort of thing seemed at first to account in some measure for the greater number of the newer chimneypots; but when I come to think of it I remember that in London riding along a viaduct on trains going in or out of the city, I looked down on I should say hundreds of thousands of chimneypots in districts where hundreds of acres were covered with small houses of unvarying uniformity in height. There wasn't any deflection of currents here, but I doubt if there was a chimney without its chimneypot, a thick stubble of chimneypots, and a mast fascinating sight it was, too, and a fascinating thought to think of the myriads of people that dwelt beneath them.

"Our chimneypots have not yet by any means attained that striking effect. They are still greatly scattered; but, with the smokejacks and the smokecaps, they are now sufficiently numerous to add to the city a feature of picturesqueness."

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY pounds of flesh is what Dr. W. G. Grace carries from one wicket to another every time he makes a run.

THE Maine mackerel fleet has had bad luck this year. The Portland seiners took but 6,000 barrels of fish, as against 26,000 last year.

Two big sturgeons, one weighing 200 pounds and the other 150 pounds, were caught at one haul of the net by a fisherman at Pultneyville, N. Y., lately.

BARON HIRSCH, the Jewish millionaire, has just leased the shooting on the estate of Cardinal Vaszary, prince primate of Hungary, which extends over 77,000 acres.

A GENUINE mountain trout measuring 30½ inches long and weighing 9 pounds was caught near Durango, Col., a few days ago. It was caught with a seven ounce rod and a No. 6 hook.

AN English captain named Burke, serving in Bengal, who went bear hunting in the mountains lately, was attacked by a beast he had wounded. His servant went to his rescue, when the bear carried them both over the side of a precipice a thousand feet deep.

LAUGHS.

JASPAR—"Curry is the architect of his own fortune, is he not?" Jumpuppe—"Yes; and when he built it he did not provide it with any exits."—Puck.

REQUIESCAT IN PACE.—Over the grave of the cannibal king they inscribed with trenchant pen this epitaph: "Write me as one who loved his fellow men."—Life.

IN THE FOG.—Driver of 'Bus (to conductor, whom he has called up)—"Jim, the ol' gent behind's just fell hoff!" Conductor—"All right, Bill. 'E's paid 'is fare."—Tit-Bits.

A DISTINCTION.—"Are abbreviations proper?" asked the young woman. "It depends," replied her mother, "on which you have reference to—the English language or a bicycle costume."—Washington Star.

SHE—"I'm afraid that it is not me that you're after, but that it is my money you want." He—"How foolish in you to say that. You know very well I can't get your money without first getting you."—Boston Transcript.

FOREIGNERS IN THE CITIES.

IN Cincinnati and Milwaukee about sixty-nine per cent. of all foreign population are of German birth.

OVER one-fourth of the entire population in New York was born either in Ireland or in Germany.

NEW YORK city contains one-fifth of all the Russians in this country and one-fourth of all the Italians.

IT is said that in the Italian colonies of New York there are hundreds of persons who speak no English.

CHICAGO has only twenty per cent. of its population of native birth, the rest being foreigners or their children.

MILWAUKEE is really a foreign city, only thirteen per cent. of its population being native born American parentage.

MANUFACTURING PRODUCTS.

COLORADO has 17,067 employes in its factories, making annually a product valued at $42,480,205.

IN Arkansas 15,972 persons are employed in manufacturing who turn out a product of $22,659,179.

CALIFORNIA has $3,642 employed in its manufactories, turning out an annual product of $213,403,996.

THE factories of Missouri employ 143,139 hands, the annual output being valued at $324,561,996.

NEVADA has 620 persons, said to be engaged in manufacturing, and their annual product is $1,105,063.

OUR immigrants from Italy, Bohemia, Hungary and Russia rarely engage in any line of manufacture.

Iowa Lakes Disappearing.

There is no longer doubt as to the gradual disappearance of the smaller lakes in northwestern Iowa. It is only of late that the phenomenon has attracted general attention, and but recently have people become interested in the preservation of these natural bodies of water. Whether anything can be done to check the process effecting their extinction is a problem worthy of serious consideration.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - SEPTEMBER 27, 1895.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For State Treasurer,
BENJAMIN F. MYERS, of Harrisburg.
For Judges of Superior Court,
HARMON YERKES, of Bucks county.
PETER P. SMITH, Lackawanna county.
J. S. MOOREHEAD, of Westmoreland county.
C. H. NOYES, of Warren county.
OLIVER P. BECHTEL, of Schuylkill county.
CHRISTOPHER MAGEE, of Allegheny county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Prothonotary,
WILLIAM O'BRIEN, of Johnstown.
For Register and Recorder,
D. A. McGOUGH, of Ebensburg.
For District Attorney,
JAMES M. WALTERS, of Johnstown.
For Poor Director,
JOHN O'HARA, of Munster township.
For Coroner,
DR. WILLIAM RAUCH, of Johnstown.
For Surveyor,
S. W. MILLER, of Johnstown.

CHICAGO proposes to send a regiment to Cuba to fight the Spaniards.

WHILE driving over lookout mountain, Governor Upham, of Wisconsin, jumped from his carriage and broke his leg.

ALLENTOWN newspapers claim that city has entertained more conventions than any other in the state, outside of Philadelphia.

DURING a wind storm at Madison, Wisconsin, recently, a freight train was blown from the track and four men were seriously injured.

THE Duke of Marlborough, who is hard up for ready cash, is engaged to marry Miss Consuela Vanderbilt, daughter of Cornelius Vanderbilt.

PHILADELPHIA'S Lexowing committee will not get down to work until after the election. Quay's efforts at reform will be made with due cautiousness for fear there might be some rotteness stirred up.

A THOROUGH inspection of the various institutions receiving state aid is to be made by Governor Hastings, who will personally visit these institutions during the next two or three months.

THE Democratic judicial conferees for the Huntingdon-Mifflin district met at Lewistown on Wednesday in the court house and nominated John M. Bailey, of Huntingdon, for president judge. Twenty-one ballots were taken.

ADVICES received from Hodeida, in the province of Yemen, Arabia, report that one hundred lives have been lost by a landslide, which destroyed the village of Hudeya, in the mountainous district in the southwestern part of Arabia.

THE National Association of Bolt and Nut Manufacturers met a Cleveland, O., on Wednesday and decided to advance the price of these products about 5 per cent. The advance is made necessary by the recent advance in iron. It will take immediate effect.

WHAT has become of all these tinplate establishments that would surely go out of business after the passage of the Democratic tariff bill? Why, they've doubled their forces, put up their wages and increased their output beyond the hope of the most radical tariff reformer! Next!

THE Merion Worsted Mills, at West Conshohocken, Pa., which have been shut down since August 1, 1893, will resume operations on October 1. Orders have already been secured sufficient to keep the mills running six months. Nearly 200 hands will find employment.

A TORNADO did great damage to buildings and other property at Sand Beach, Petoskey and Port Austin, Michigan. One mile from the village of Pinnebog the farm house of I. Olls was completely demolished and three of the farmer's children, who were sleeping in the upper story, were instantly killed.

THE Fayette county court, at Connellsville, on Saturday admitted only two-thirds of the seventy-five applicants for naturalization. Judges Stowe and Mestrezat established a rule that nobody can be naturalized who has not acquainted himself with the constitution and institutions of the United States.

There was a conference in New Bedford, Massachusetts, between the manufacturers and spinners. The manufacturers are hopeful of an improvement that will justify them in making an advance in wages in the near future. It is not yet known whether the operatives will strike or wait for an advance.

A PARTY has seldom had a better opportunity to put itself into good condition for a coming presidential election than the Democrats have at the present juncture. The policy of their party on the tariff and the policy of the president on the silver question have commended them to the people. Improved times have resulted from both; the Democrats have only to fully identify themselves with both to obtain the advantage of them for their party.

NOT for twenty years has there been such a scarcity of lemons in this country. The blizzard which swept over the Florida peninsula last December ruined the crop in that section, consequently Italy and Spain are the two countries that are now supplying us with the fruit. The supply in the former country is short, too, this year, and when the recent warm wave created an abnormal demand for lemons the supply on the spot was not sufficient to go round. They sold in New York on Wednesday for $10.50 per box.

R. G. DUN & Co's *Weekly Review of Trade*, says: The surprising increase in the production and advance in prices of iron seems to be bringing a natural check, as prices have gone so high as to cause some purchases from Europe, both of pig and finished products, and have also caused a distinct shrinkage in home demand.

The cotton mills which laid in stocks of cotton below six cents, are enriched by the advance in material, and are enabled to make frequent advances in goods. The present demand is dull, but there are no reports of stoppage, and the threatened strike at Fall River does not come.

The movements of exchange and of gold have somewhat affected the markets this week. Exchange has fallen, though not because commercial bills have greatly increased. Exports of specie, though diminished, will reach about $12,400,000. It is confidently believed that the international syndicate will allow no financial disorder.

August imports exceeded exports by $15,282,729, and net exports of gold were $15,159,782. A small cotton crop, with large stocks held abroad; a slender demand for Atlantic wheat, with Russian arriving in London in large quantities, and merchandise exports and imports at New York 30 per cent larger than last year in September thus far scarcely promises speedy change. The volume of domestic trade measured by exchanges—20 per cent greater than last year, but 8 per cent less than in 1892—is not quite as near the record of full prosperity for September as for August or July.

In spite of gold exports wheat advanced, for some days, nearly 2 cents. Corn rose and fell in sympathy with wheat with as little reason. The western wheat receipts for the three weeks of September have been 16,791,660 bushels, against 16,491,629 last year, while Atlantic exports, flour included, have been 3,941,693 bushels, against 7,621,985 last year. The good reports of foreign crops, the weakness of flour in Minnesota and the large exports of corn from this country, all work against a rise in wheat, though scarcity of contract grades may hold a speculative advance. The cotton market, lifting and falling a fraction each day alternately, shows no settled tendency, big stocks balancing an undoubted but as yet not defined decrease is yield.

CHARLES F. CRISP, speaker of the house of representatives, who recently returned from Europe, in an interview in New York on Wednesday, said: "I believe confidently that the Democratic party will win in 1896. Perhaps the result might be in doubt if the election occurred to-morrow, but you see we have over a year before the great struggle, and every day things are brightening under a Democratic administration. The hard times that the country had to suffer when our party first took hold of the reins of government were the result of Republican enactments. I believe the country appreciates the efforts of the administration and by the time twelve months have rolled around will be ready to give a Democratic indorsement equal to the great vote of the last national election."

THE Pittsburg Democrats are organizing a big jubilee to celebrate the prosperity produced by the Wilson Tariff bill. It is an excellent idea, and taking shape in the Birmingham of America and the very shrine and citadel of protectionism it well have a meaning which the whole country, busy as it may be, can catch without difficulty. Prosperity jubilees would not be inappropriate in any of our cities, but the Pittsburg celebration will have special point in its environment, and would be a logical antithesis to the memories of Homestead.

A ROLL of the house of representatives in the next congress shows 216 opponents of free silver coinage, 88 who favor free coinage, and 52 who refuse to declare themselves. Of the free silver representatives there are 51 Democrats, 30 Republicans and 7 Populists. Should the uncommitted representatives all vote for free coinage, there will still be a majority against it of 76. These figures show how rapidly the cheap money craze is declining. If congressmen were to be elected this year the falling off would be still more marked.

AFTER more than twenty years of controversy, which several times threatened to bring about strained relations between Spain and the United States, a draft for $1,499,000, the amount of the indemnity demanded by this government for the confiscation of the Cuban estates of Antonio Maxima Mora, a naturalized American citizen, was delivered on Saturday by Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister, to Mr. Adee, the acting secretary of state. The lawyers' fees amount to $600,000.

DR. SCHAEFFER, superintendent of public instruction, has designated Friday, October 18, as Arbor day and has prepared a proclamation urging those connected with the schools of the commonwealth to observe the day with appropriate exercises. Dr. Schaeffer says trees may be planted out of school hours, but a part of the time usually devoted to public readings or nature study can be profitably spent in exercises calculated to observe the purpose of Arbor day.

THE most important feature of the convention of soft coal operators and miners that met at Pittsburg to-day is that the price of coal will be put up. Nearly all the operators notified their customers that an advance in coal will take place on and after October 1, so that the public will pay the raise in wages promised by the operators.

THE Cranberry Iron Mines, in West-North Carolina, which have been shut down for three years, are to be re-opened at once with a large force of men.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 21, 1895.—When a man gives information to an enemy in time of war he is regarded as a public enemy and upon proof of his guilt he is executed and buried in a traitor's disgraced grave. But there is no way to punish those who prove themselves to be still worse enemies of the country by trying to precipitate a financial panic through misrepresentation of the condition of the nation's finances and of the intentions of the administration. A private individual can, through appeal to the courts, have the man who seeks to injure his credit and commercial standing by making untrue and partially true but misrepresenting statements punished, but members of the administration have no way of reaching the men who, solely for a partisan purpose, are daily writing and circulating attacks upon the credit of the United States in the shape of wilful misstatements concerning the intentions of Secretary Carlisle. Men who bring on a financial panic do a thousand times more harm than those who betray an army on the eve of battle, and there ought to be some way of punishing them as traitors to their country. If that is not feasible, congress should at least so legislate that the government, through the heads of the executive departments, should have the same right to have a newspaper writer or editor arrested for criminal libel as the citizen now has. With such a law on our statute books the present partisan misrepresentations of President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle in Republican newspapers would not be possible, and the probabilities of financial panics would be decidedly lessened.

About as near half of the administration as could be got at attended the dedication of the battlefield of Chickamauga as a national park. Vice President Stevenson and Secretaries Lamont, Herbert, Smith and Attorney General Harmon going, and Secretaries Olney, Carlisle, Morton and Postmaster General Wilson remaining in Washington. Secretary Carlisle expected to have gone, but circumstances, aided by unpatriotic misrepresentations, made it advisable that he should remain at his post.

A gentleman who has recently been in Florida on business said: "Senator Call in advocating the early recognition of the Cuban revolutionists by this government speaks for a very large majority of the people of Florida. This sympathy for the Cubans is worthy to be classed high, too, when it is remembered that Florida is yearly becoming a greater rival of Cuba in the production of tobacco used in the manufacture of fine cigars."

Secretary Lamont's action in advancing out of his own pocket the money to make up the shortage in paying the June salaries of the officers and men of the army is unprecedented but highly creditable. Had he not done so they would have had to wait for congress to rectify the error that made the shortage before they could get their salaries.

Senator Vest indignantly denies the authenticity of the recently published interview which made him announce a change of front on the silver question, and says he is still for free coinage at 16 to 1, as he has always been.

Hon. J. W. Judd, United States District Attorney for Utah, is visiting Washington. He says: "There is much in the situation in Utah to make the Democrats hopeful of electing their state ticket and two U. S. senators. I believe that it is not putting it one whit too strong to say that our chances of success are fully equal to those of the opposition. Utah has enjoyed two successive seasons of good crops, and the condition of business is satisfactory. The people are feeling very good over the return of better times, and that will inure to the benefit of the Democracy. If we carry the territory this year it is almost a sure thing that it will go the same way in 1896."

The general impression seems to be that lawyers of Mora displayed a monumental cheek when they filed a protest against the action of Secretary Olney in accepting a settlement of the Mora claim without compelling Spain to pay the interest from the date of the claim. Secretary Onley will take no notice of the protest. He did not act in this matter as the attorney or collector for Mora, but as the representative of the United States government. So far as this government is concerned the settlement was final. M.

Drugged and Robbed.

Hot Springs, Ark., September 23.—A sensation was created Sunday by the arrest of Dr. H. S. Town, of San Antonio Texas, on the charge of having drugged and robbed Mrs. Kate Nettles, of Oak Ridge, La., at the United States hotel Friday night.

It appears that Dr. Town and his wife invited Mrs. Nettles to join them in a glass of wine in their room at the hotel. She was taken ill after drinking the wine, when the doctor gave her a hypodermic injection which rendered her unconscious. She was then robbed of her gold watch and $96 in cash. Dr. Town confessed the robbery and was placed in jail.

Buried in a Landslide.

Three Rivers, Que., September 22.—A landslide of large extent occurred on Saturday night at 9 o'clock on the Champlain river at St. Luce, Champlain county, carrying with it the house of Zephisin Normandin and burying five members of the family in the ruins. Three children who heard the noise escaped by jumping through the windows. One of them has become insane through fright.

The five dead bodies have been dug out. The river is completely blocked, and other landslides and an inundation are feared.

Nearly Beat His Wife to Death.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., September 24.—Edward McGeahan, of Georgetown, a suburb of this city, while drunk this morning nearly beat his wife to death. First he knocked her down with a flat iron and then jumped on her head and chest until she was a mass of bruises. Neighbors summoned a policeman and McGeehan was placed in jail without bail. Mrs. McGeehan is in a pitiable condition and is not expected to live. McGeahan is a blacksmith, aged 45, and his wife is eight years his junior. They have four children, the oldest being 10 years of age and the youngest 1.

A Liar's Heavy Sentence.

In the Reading court Tuesday Harry W. Mish was tried for securing goods on a forged order, Mish emphatically denied it all, Judge Endich then said: "Mish, stand up. You have been before this court before, and on both occasions you attempted to clear yourself by lying, and I intend to give you a sentence that will remind you not to appear here again. You are sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of three years at hard labor, pay the costs and a fine of $100, and you can remember that two-thirds of this sentence is for false swearing."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Strange Murder and Suicide.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, September 23.—M. E. Stinson, a traveling man, and his wife were found dead from bullet wounds in bed together at the Asher House yesterday. The double crime was committed by Stinson.

The woman was only 20 years old, was recognized as Miss Arta Moore, whose wealthy parents live at Panora, a few miles from Des Moines. She was a member of the senior class at Grinnel College, and it was not known that she was married.

The discovery was made to-day, however, and that she was secretly married to Stinson October 14, 1892, by Rev. H. D. Crawford, the record being complete. The murderer's home was in Fairfield, Iowa; where his father was formerly a Rock Island Railroad agent.

He came here Friday and visited friends, while his wife got permission from the college president to visit here. Stinson met her at the depot, and they registered as husband and wife. The shots were heard by the police, who rushed to the room, but both were dead.

Justifiable Homicide.

Wellsboro, Pa., Sept. 24.—William Mosher, aged 30 years, was shot by Mrs. Ellie Canedy, a 19-year-old married woman, early in the morning, and Mosher died shortly afterwards in the office of Dr. L. C. Brown, of Tioga, to whom he was brought for treatment. Mosher, with three male companions, went on a spree, and about midnight they drove to the home of Mordecai Canedy, near Tioga. Canedy, who is quite ill and feeble, was sitting helpless on the porch, and his wife was in bed with their 2-year-old child. After roughly handling Canedy they invaded the house and entered the woman's room. Mrs. Canedy seized a revolver and threatened to shoot if they did not leave. All but Mosher fled, but be seized Mrs. Canedy, and, according to her testimony, the weapon was discharged during the struggle. Mrs. Canedy, whose character is above reproach, is in delicate health. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Chance for an American.

San Jose, Cal., September 23.—Hop Sing Lee, a wealthy Chinese merchant of this city, offers a half interest in his extensive merchandise business and $5,000 in cash to any reputable young American who will marry his daughter—Moi Lee. Hop Sing Lee is the weathiest Chinamen in this valley, and his fortune is estimated at from $50,000 to $100,000. He conducts a general merchandise store, with a lottery game on the side, in this city, and has branch stores in Watsonville, Santa Cruz and Salina.

Lee has become thoroughly Americanized, and, he is getting old, it is his wish to see his daughter happily married to some good American who will look after and care for his business and wealth.

Lee's wife died about a year ago, and, as several attempts have been made to kidnap Moi, he is afraid that if Moi does not marry soon the Highbinders may succeed in abducting her.

Lost in the Snow.

Rawlins, Wyo., September 23.—Frank Nevan, a ranchman, on Saturday morning sent his two boys, aged 11 and 13 years, out after the cows. The boys not returning, he came in yesterday and alarmed the town. About 20 horsemen immediately responded. They all have returned without finding any trace of the missing boys, who undoubtedly perished in Saturday's storm. The searchers report the snow in the hills two feet deep. The stage from Snake River on Saturday night picked up one of Taylor & Hogg's shepherds named Gray, who was lying near the road completely exhausted and slightly frozen. When he heard the stage approach he fired his pistol to attract the driver's attention. He was so numb with the cold that he was unable to reach it without assistance.

Atlanta to Welcome the Bell.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 24.—Arrangements were made this afternoon by the exposition directors for the reception of the Liberty Bell, which is to arrive here October 8. The school children will be given a holiday.

The programme provides that the bell shall be taken from the car and placed on a large wagon at 10 A. M., on the 9th. In front of it will march the military of the city. The line will traverse the principal streets of the city, to the exposition grounds, where the bell will be unloaded and placed in the Pennsylvania building.

President Collier and Mayor King will make addresses of welcome, and these will be responded to by Mayor Warwick, of Philadelphia.

Colorado Snowbound.

Denver, Col., September 22.—The damage done to the fruit interests of the state by the heavy snowfall of last night is beyond computation. In the vicinity of Denver fruit and shade trees were broken by the heavy snow freezing to the limbs, yet in full leaf, and scarcely a tree for miles around escaped injury.

Reports from the interior show the same deplorable conditions, varying only in degree. While the fruit-growers may save most of the matured fruit, the more serious damage is in the broken trees and shattered trunks.

The snow storm was general over the state, the amount varying from four to twelve inches. To-day the sun shone clear. The indications are favorable for a killing frost to-night.

Impaled on an Iron Fence.

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 24.—John Hodges, a painter at work on a wall 30 feet from the ground, was killed to-day by falling off the scaffold upon which he and another painter were working. Hodges was impaled on a barbed iron picket of a fence, which pierced his body, striking the heart. Five inches of the iron entered the man's body and was held by the barbs so that it was with difficulty that it was lifted from the fence. Death was almost instantaneous.

Charles Burnham, another painter, was seriously injured. The accident was due to the ropes which held the scaffold being eaten by acids used in washing the walls.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—A Reading factory makes 2,000 shoes daily.

—A Lehigh Valley train at Pittston ran over and killed an unknown man of middle age.

—A copperhead snake that had crawled in the woodpile bit Mrs. Mary Hopkins, near Uniontown.

—After eluding the police for nearly five years Garrett W. Snyder, wanted for murder, was captured at Kunkletown, Penna.

—Secretary Lamont resumed his duties as secretary of war after a few weeks spent with his family at Sorrento, Me., and a few days with the president at Gray Gables.

—Ohio roads report a greater boom in coal tonnage than at any corresponding time in their history. Every one of the coal roads is already short of cars, with greater demands certain.

—The British ship Stoneleigh, from Melbourne for London, has been out 210 days, and is believed to have been lost. There were 36 persons aboard, including Captain Thompson's wife and two children.

—Robert McCallum, who started from New York June 13 to cross the Atlantic in a 19-foot sloop, was picked up in mid-ocean, starving and crazy, by the British ship Stalwart, and taken to Buenos Ayres.

—John Hail, aged sixteen, and weighing 76 pounds, eloped from Wharton township, Fayette county, with Emma Klink, aged fourteen, who is said to weigh 300 pounds, and they were married at Cumberland, Md.

—Edward S. Blackwell, a member of the old coffee firm of A. H. Blackwell & Son, of Chicago, has been arrested, charged with embezzling $10,000 worth of coffee and tea from the Hibernian banking association.

—Upon the question as to jurisdiction the claim of a descendant of William Penn to the title to the old court house square in Easton came before Justice Shiras and Judges Acheson and Butler and decision was reserved.

—William Smith, colored, who on the morning of September 12 entered the caboose and murdered Tiny Podone, the banana agent on the Illinois Central railroad at Amile City, was taken from the officers at Hammond, La., on Sunday night by a mob and lynched.

—It is estimated that the Carnegie company has contracts on hand at present, at Braddock, aggregating 1,000,000 tons of structural material. As the limit of production for the remainder of the year will not go much beyond 100,000 tons the contracts will run well into 1896.

—A tornado swept over Menominee, Mich., on Sunday night, blowing several millions feet of lumber into the lake and river. Shade trees were uprooted, dwellings unroofed, store fronts broken and wires prostrated. The loss is $100,000.

—Russia proposes to celebrate Jenner's discovery of vaccination, the one hundreth anniversary of which occurs next year, by offering prizes for works on vaccination, and by publishing histories of vaccination in Russia and Western Europe.

—Fire on Sunday afternoon destroyed the barn of A. H. Spanogle, located about four miles from Lewistown, Pa., together with the threshed crop of grain, straw and hay. All the stock was saved. Loss will run well toward $2,000. Cause of fire is not known.

—Mrs. Moorehead, wife of the superintendent of the Northwood cemetery, Oaklane Station, Montgomery county, was instantly killed and her daughter fatally injured Friday by being struck by a train on the North Pennsylvania railroad. Mrs. Moorehead was a daughter of Jay Cook.

—Four boys went out in a boat at Buffalo, N. Y., on Saturday. The boat was swamped by the swells of a passing tug. The eldest, James Kingley, managed to escape by hanging on to the boat. The other three, William Boore, 15; John Kingley, 13, and William Denny, 11 years of age, were drowned.

—Fourth Assistant Postmaster General R. A. Maxwell's report for the fiscal year, ended June 30, last, one of the earliest to be presented as was the case last year. It indicates 13,000 new appointments of fourth class postmasters, made within the year, only 769 of them having been occasioned by death, which is exactly the same number as last year.

—Apropos of bicycling the following interesting statistics show the remarkable growth of wheeling: Ten years ago there were only six cycle manufactories in the country. Now there are 139. The total number of new wheels turned out this year will exceed 459,000. There are over 60,000 riders in New York City, and upwards of 2,000,000 in the United States.

—On Sunday morning two sons of James Higginbotham, living near Uniontown, Pa., were suffocated in a well upon which work was in progress. One of the boys went down to look at the hole and was overcome. His brother went to his aid and also died. A third boy only escaped death in the same manner by being pulled up by members of the family.

—A dispatch from Dunbar says the men at the Mahoning works of the Cambria Iron company met Wednesday night and took action on the strike. They decided unanimously to keep at work unless the prospects for winning get brighter and other men go out. It was expected that the men at Morrell would go out on Monday morning but nine-tenths of them returned.

—The scale house of the Clearfield Fire Brick company's mine at Bigler, eight miles from Clearfield, was struck by lightning on Thursday, killing Boyd Hummel, a miner, and stunning three others—Charles Gearhart, Ralph Radifer and George Smeal. Lightning also struck John W. Wrigley's house, near Clearfield, but the flames were extinguished before much damage was done.

—Charles Cooper, aged nineteen, shot and instantly killed his mother on Monday night in their home at Hardwood, Luzerne county, Pa. The mother entered the room to put down the window fearing it would rain. The boy took her for a burglar, and before discovering his mistake fired, killing her instantly. He walked to town and gave himself up. The shooting was purely accidental and the boy was released on bail.

Swept by a Cyclone

Of approbation to the pinnacle of popularity, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has acquired a commanding position, which has occasionally made it a bright and shining mark for knaves, who seek to foist upon the community spurious compounds in the guise akin to that of the real article. These are mostly local bitters or tonics of great impurity, and, of course, devoid of medicinal efficacy. Beware of them and get the genuine Bitters, a real remedy for malaria, rheumatism, kidney trouble, despepsia, nervousness, constipation and billousness. Physicians of eminence everywhere commend the great invigorant, both for its remedial properties and its purity. A wine glassn thrice a day will soon bring vigor and regularity to a disordered and enfeebled system.

B. & B.

OUR PREDICTION

MADE MONTHS AGO HAS BEEN VERIFIED TO THE LETTER:

PLAIDS

are among the most fashionable fabrics for the autumn and winter season and this department given up entirely to our immense assortments is a good sized store in itself. Almost a thousand styles.

5c. to $2.00 a yard.

2,000 yards double width *IMPORTED PLAIDS* in new shades, navy, brown and other refined quiet colorings, not unusual for these goods to be imported and sold for all wool. We tell you just what they are—not quite all wool, but fine, nice goods and wonderful value at

25c. a yard.

Assorted, fine *BRIGHT PLAIDS*, all-wool, 36 to 40 inches wide.

35c., 50c., 65c. and 75c.

Almost a hundred styles artistic *SILK AND WOOL PLAIDS;* entirely new weaves and color combinations, 38 to 50 inches wide.

50c., 60c., 75c., 85c., to $1.00 a yard.

Stylish Rough Plaids,

quiet but ultra combinations, distinctly foreign in appearance, and the up-to-date dresser will select them on sight.

$1.00 and $1.25 a yard.

Such an assortment of medium to finest *American and Foreign Dress Goods* and suitings at the prices 'twill be impossible to find,

25c. to $2.25.

You're coming to the Exposition, of course, and to fail to see these splendid values will be against your own interest. If you can't come, write for samples and save money if you buy.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.

Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE

First National Bank

OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

oct13.93

Choice Plants and Cut Flowers.

Funeral Designs at Short Notice.

ADOLPH STAHL,

NO. 432 MAIN STREET,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

4.12.95.

FOR SALE!

The Donovan homestead, five rooms, with good celler. Very desirable location. Apply to
MICHAEL FARREN,
Sept. 20. 1895. Ebensburg, Pa.

NEW LINE OF

FALL GOODS

NOW ON SALE AT

BRADLEYS' CASH STORE,

GALLITZIN, PENNA.

New Dress Goods. New Linings and New Trimmings. Full line of Prints, Muslins and Novelty Goods of all descriptions. Plenty of

Fall Underwear

for Ladies, Men and Children, commencing in price from 17c. for Heavy Weight Ladies' Vest Men's Shirts and Drawers from 25c. up to Finest Made.

New Patterns in Blankets

from 75c. up to $3.50 for all-wool Plaid Blanket.

New Styles in Shoes, Hats—everything—all at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Come in and see our Stock. It is full and Complete.

THOS. BRADLEY'S,

LARGEST DRY GOODS STORE IN TOWN.

I LEAD THE

PROCESSION

—IN—

High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's wear—at money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on show. Our fall stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of this country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes. Our men's apparel is made on the new principle—every garment is fitted to a living model and conforms to the natural lines of the human figure. As a result we can guarantee a perfect fit.

I am the only clothier that sells High Art Clothing in Blair county.

JOHN McCONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

NEW SPRING STYLES.

We have a full, new and complete line of the finest and best fitting Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that defy competition. We have the largest stock in Northern Cambria and the make-up of our fine goods is equal to custom-made. We have the new Spring Shapes in Hats and our stock of Gents' Furnishings is complete.

Our stock is larger and prices lower than ever before. All we ask is that you call and examine our goods, learn prices and we will convince you that the best place in the State to buy your Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE

MONUMENTAL : WORKS!

We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices that defy competition

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS. HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS

WHAT WE DO:—

Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and best Selected Stock of any concern in the County.

Give personal supervision to the manufacture and shipment of all orders.

Use none but the Best Stock, and pay particular attention to the setting of all work. Also agents for the Monuments Champion Iron Fence.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

EBENSBURG, PA.

EMPTIES

In our business we get many liquid preparations in large quantities. When the containers are empty we store them away. Now these have accumulated until there is a large quantity in various sizes and shapes. Some of these which are of no use to us, you could use if you only knew how cheap they may be bought.

GLASS DEMIJOHNS, wood-covered, holding 5 to 10 gals.
BARRELS, the very best, holding 16 to 33 gals.
KEGS, holding 5 gals.
TIN CANS, some covered with wood, holding 1, 2, 3 or 5 gals.
JUGS, various sizes.
GLASS BOTTLES, holding 5 pints. These must be sold and their room given to other goods. Come before they are all gone.

mch4 95

DAVISON'S DRUG STORE.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Ronce in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,

5.31.95 Formerly of Carrolltown.

It Pays to Advertise.

...mbria Freeman.

...SBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

...AY. -- SEPTEMBER 27, 1895.

...OCAL AND PERSONAL.

...oseph Bergolo, of Gallitzin, was ... Tuesday.

...oseph Long, of Summerhill, was ... Wednesday.

...ohn Nagle, of Barr township, is ... typhoid fever.

...he new tenement building at Cresson ... ready for the roof.

...ohn Minich, of Columbia, Pa., is ... Minich in Ebensburg.

...umber lot the streets of Lilly ... lighted with electric lights.

...ill close for the season of ... the middle of next month.

...ambria county ranks third in the list ... among the counties in this state.

...umber of people, who dug their po... ...ound that they are rotting

...Hutchinson, Esq., one of Susque... ...ownship's oldest citizens, is dan... ...ith dropsy.

...ohn Bruce, of Cambria county, as... ...ssistant in holding court last ... at Bedford Republican.

...ecial train from Ebensburg to ... ...ill of Ebensburg's summer lux... ...ill start on Monday.

...Joseph Griffin and Matthias ... of Munster township, were ... Ebensburg on Monday.

...death last week death claimed ... ...ear-old daughter of William ... ...ale, of Whites township.

...ohn Hoover, a Gallitzin driver, was ... ...ay he was a mile one day last ... ...arrowly escaped fatal injuries.

...Conley, of Allegheny town... ...ken to the hospital for the in... ...ttacked on Friday of last week.

...and Mrs. Daniel Garman, of Sus... ...ownship, lost a four-months... ...on Monday from cholera infant...

...Frank Hoover, one of Clearfield ... oldest citizens, is visiting ... Ebensburg. Mr. Hoover is 85 ...

...ge Kinney, treasurer of the Al... ...Democrat, has been arrested on ...rge of embezzling $370 of the so... ...money.

...Agnes Topper died at her home ... on Wednesday of last week, ... years. Her remains were ...ken for interment.

...vegetable products exhibited at ...ensburg fair this year are said to ...e the equals of any previous year ...th qualities and quantities.

...Wednesday evening every livery rig ...sburg was engaged for Thursday ...re going to the Carrolltown fair ...e people were disappointed.

...Baker-ville, Somer...ounty, was raided by thieves one night ... About $6 worth of stamps and ...ney were taken.

...Samuel Ludwig has secured the ...ce of a first-class miller who will ...ge of the grist mill in this place ...ke the 1st of October.

...James Perry, of Chest Springs, ...ught the largest pumpkin on ex...bition at the Carrolltown fair. It meas...red two inches in circumference.

...Mrs. Mary Leonard, of Gallit...ent to the Altoona hospital ...ld for a severe burn on the right ...d she has sustained a couple of ...

...Thompson Carney, of Belsano, ...e of the late war, will start for the ...ld fields at Hampton Roads, Vir...nia, Monday, where he will go into ...mp.

...The Diamond Printing Telephone ...pany, of Pittsburg, has been granted ...rmission for erecting its poles and line ...ough Ebensburg, and will have an ex...hange here.

...Mrs. James E. Zahm, of Pittsburg, ...ccompanied by her daughter and son-in-...w, Mr. and Mrs. Lutz, and wife of the same ...ent a few days in Ebensburg this ...ek with friends.

...The Ebensburg Coal & Coke Company, ...s actively engaged in opening up the Lemon ...ine and putting up the coke ovens about ...ne October. The mine has been ...ady for many years.

...Reports from the town on Wed...esday evening to the effect that ...re had succeeded in getting outside of ...ensburg with a load of carry with dis...tch were quarters in the borough ...ll on Wednesday night.

...The dispatch of Gallitzin amputated ...e left leg of William Wicker's left ...t last week. Wicker lives at ...ensburg and while scrapping got his ...ht ankle in a contractor's mouth, when the ...ttle closed.

...In the course of time in two years, the ...ensburg railroad shops at Altoona ...ve been in operation but last Friday. Satur...ay was the first pay day in that time. Hereto...re we have had a pay day every year past, they were ...ade on Saturdays.

...Mr. Parks, of Portage, who had ...charge of a gang of years road-super...sing the B. R. R. died at his home in ...ensburg on Monday of last week, aged ...ty-five years. The deceased is survived by a ...ge family of children.

...Mr. Kinkead had its first robbery on ...ednesday when a window broke open the ...ore of William T. Spangler. Their ...ughter had forgotten to ...ose it, which was in a ...ay, Spangler had forgotten to ...ose it in the evening.

...Mr. T. Lloyd, Esq., of Summerhill, ...s in town on ...ednesday, his daughter, Miss Amelia, ...ompanying him. Both ladies, were in town on ...ednesday on their way to Carrolltown ...here they paid the FREEMAN ...ffice a pleasant visit.

...Mr. Frank Brandt, of Twin Rocks, Black...ick township, made information before ...ustice Hiller, of Johnstown, charging ...ohn Donaldson, "Cooney" ...Wiggins and William White, ...ith robbing him of $50 in ...d a watch.

...Mrs. Rebecca O. Powell, wife of Rev. ...Powell, who thirty odd years ago ...as pastor of the Ebensburg Con...regational church, died at the home of ...er son, Mr. M. Llewellyn, at Look...ut, Tennessee, on the 13th in...tant, of pneumonia.

...The dwelling house occupied by William Gann ...nd Lee in Hastings caught fire ...Wednesday about seven o'clock ...nd burned to the ground together ...ith most of the furniture of both fami...ies. The building was owned by H. C. ...ann and was insured for $200.

...Robert Miller, son of Col. John S. ...Miller, struck a vein of gold ore in ...is mine, Colorado, which is said to as...ay $1,000 to the ton. Some of our citizens ...nvested in the mine, and are rejoic...ng at the prospect of their being mil...ionaires.—*Huntingdon Locust News.*

...The residence of George W. Nolder, ...a mile east of Letherburg, Clear...ield county, was destroyed by fire between ...unday night and 1 o'clock Mon...ay morning. The fire caught on the gar...et, from what cause no one appears to ...now. Most of the goods were saved.

—Mr. Parks, of Pittsburg, who with his family spends the summer here and occupies the Parks cottage at Maple Park, has donated $1,000 to the Congregational church in this place.

—Patrick Flynn, of Patton, who claimed to be 104 years of age, died on Saturday at the home of his son, Dennis Flynn, of that place. Mr. Flynn was a native of Ireland and claimed that if he lived until the middle of October he would be 105 years of age. His remains were taken to Corning, N. Y., for interment.

—A voter whose name is not on the registry list can remedy the defect on election day by having two persons swear that he has been a citizen of the election district for 60 days immediately preceeding the election day. But if the voter has not paid a state or county tax, (assessed within two years), 30 days before the election day, he cannot vote.

—Mrs. John R. Miller, of Paint township, Somerset county, has two glass jars of cherries which she put up twenty-two years ago this autumn. A jar of these cherries was opened about a year ago and were found to be as good as the day they were put up. The juice, however, in which they stood so long, has become as strong as brandy.

—A Hollidaysburg artist of the paint pot and brush, on a wager, one night last week ate two dozen fried eggs and a quantity of bread, add this, too, after having partaken of a heavy supper. He offered to repeat the gastronomic feat there and then on a wager of $10, but found no taker. He is not a very big man, but his capacity is all right.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

—James K. McCann, a brakeman on the Cresson and Clearfield branch of the Pennsylvania railroad, met with an accident at the east end of the Gallitzin tunnel on Wednesday morning. His left leg was caught between two cars and fractured above the knee. He was taken to Altoona on Day Express and taken to his home in that city. Dr. Buck reduced the fracture.

—J. G. Stewart, employed with a gang of men on the work train between Cresson and Lilly, on Thursday of last week was struck by lightning and rendered unconscious. He was picked up by his companions and after his revival was taken to his home at Gallitzin where he was attended by Dr. Troxell, the railroad compan'ys physician. It is believed he will recover.

—A law was passed by the legislature of 1895 making it obligatory for all persons owning or leasing buildings for show purposes to pay a state license in cities of the first class of $500; second class, $400, and third class, $75; boroughs and and townships, $30, under penalty of a fine of not less than $100. All cities having less than 100,000 inhabitants are cities of the third class.

—Stewart's Hall, in Seventeenth ward, Johnstown, was discovered to be on fire at an early hour on Sunday morning and the the flames had made such progress before the discovery that it was impossible to save the structure and it was burned to the ground. The first floor of the building was used as a store and wareroom; the second was used as a hall, and the third as a lodge room. The loss is estimated at $9,000, with an insurance of $5,000.

—On Sunday while N. P. Mervine, a leading member of the Blair county bar, was out driving with his family near Altoona, the neck yoke which held the horses to the tongue broke and he was drawn out over the dasher and trampled under the horses' feet. He sustained a long and deep wound on the top of the head, several deep lacerations about the face, a large gash across the throat, and all his front teeth were knocked down his throat. His condition is critical.

—Mrs. Corr, of Marion Centre, Indiana county, was tried last week for killing her two-year-old child. The crime was committed last spring. Her husband did not return until after midnight. Meanwhile the child was restless and peevish. The mother threw it into a well and it was drowned. She was arrested and has been in the county jail since. At the trial a number of neighbors testified as to her strange doings from time to time and the jury found her not guilty of murder, declaring her to be weak-minded.

—The dead body of the man found in the water at the viaduct on Wednesday morning of last week, when taken to Gallitzin was identified as that of Francis Galliece, son of Owen and Bridget Galliece, of that place, aged twenty-four years. The young man had left home on Tuesday evening going to Altoona, where after talking a while with his brother Patrick, left with the intention of taking a train for Pittsburg. The next that was heard of him was the finding of his body in the Conemaugh as previously stated. The young man's death occurred on his 24th birthday.

Death of Annie R. Denny.

On Tuesday morning September 24th, 1895, Miss Annie R. Denny, sister of Mr. J. B. Denny, proprietor of the Mountain House, in this place, died after a short illness. The deceased was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs Matthias Denny, of Altoona, and was born on the 14th January 1874. She had not been in good health for some time past, but neither she nor her friends had any idea of a fatal termination of her illness. With the hope that a trip to this place would prove beneficial she, a few weeks ago, came up to see her brother and while here was taken seriously ill and continued growing worse until on Tuesday morning her gentle spirit left its earthly abode. She is survived by her parents and by four brothers, J. B., of Ebensburg; Wm. C., of Altoona; Rev. J. G. Denny, of the Archdiocese of Cincinnati; and Edward L. Denny, of Altoona; and also by four sisters, Mollie, Matilda, Stella and Loretta, all of Altoona. Her remains were taken to Altoona on Wednesday morning and on Thursday the funeral took place from the home of her parents, the interment being made in St. John's cemetery.

Make Your Will.

Everyone who owns more than the clothes on his back should make a will. There is a notion sometimes, that you will die soon if you make your will, but that is mere nonsense and superstition. Some men dislike to bring the thought of death so closely and practically before their minds, but that is weakness. What is the use in blinking and closing one's eyes to the great universal fact? Death is certain, and the most wise and most sensible thing is to provide against it as far as we can. A will makes your mind easy. It saves disputes, quarrels and much expense after you are gone. Do your duty to your family, if you have one, then remember the poor and the church of God, and those who have just claims upon you. You can change it at any time if desirable, while the knowledge that it is attended to will conduce to a longer life. Make your will.

A Narrow Escape.

The Spangler *Sentinel* says that what might have been a a serious accident occurred at the crossing near the Walnut Run supply store on Monday. Simon Lantzy, of Garmantown, and ex-Sheriff Gray, of Carrolltown, were driving along, each in his own buggy, when a freight train approached the crossing. They attempted to cross the track, but Lantzy's horse stopped just after getting over, when Mr. Gray's horse, frightened by the approaching train, plunged forward into Lantzy's buggy, demolishing it completely. Mr. Gray's horse was also injured, but the occupants of the buggies escaped uninjured. It is said the train gave no warning of its approach.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, Sept. 26, 1895:

Charles Bock and Bertha Hon, Johnstown.

Frank J. Sloan and Maggie Broghan, Johnstown.

Frank Litzinger and Margaret Dunlap, Patton.

Harry Wheeler and Annie B. Cann, Figart.

Edwin H. Philps, Jeffries, Clearfield county, and Mrs. Susan B. Herdman, Johnstown.

Timothy J. Sullivan and Nellie E. Marlow, Johnstown.

John Brophy, Connellsville, Pa., and Mary A. Madden, Dean Station.

Calvin E. Mock, East Conemaugh, and Lettie May Wallace, Johnstown.

John Smith and Clara McGough, Portage.

F. J. Lilly and Annie Sloan, Washington township.

Thomas J. James, Johnstown, and Annie B. Sellers, Cramer, Pa.

Josiah W. Marsh, Lower Yoder township, and Myrtle Geist, Morrellville.

Scheridan Orner, Morrellville, and Kate B. Gillespie, Strongstown, Indiana county.

Simon Wess and Flora E. Siffler, Summerhill.

John Dunlap, Spangler, and Anna Mary Angert, Hastings.

George Horton, Johnstown, and Kate Schellhamer, Stonycreek township.

Frank D. Witt and Bertha Everhart, Johnstown.

M. M. Nolan and Grace McDevitt, Patton.

Aaron Horne and Katie Felix, Johnstown.

Charles E. Briney and Martha J. McClain, Morrerlville.

Ellis S. Yocum and Ella E. Skyles, Morrellville.

Ferdinand Puschendorf, Johnstown, and Margaretta Entres, Brownstown.

Harry C. Douglass, Altoona, Emma E. Lego, Tunnelhill.

Joseph H. Hubbard and Jennie M. Spangle, Patton.

Edmund B. Schrum, Johnstown, and Nora J. Courtney, Ingleside, Pa.

George Henry Zimmerman and Florence Simpson, Frugality.

Charles E. Strong and Carrie Elizabeth Berkey, East Conemaugh.

Andrew Lanky, and Maria Benjouch, Hastikgs.

William H. Moore and Viola May George, South Fork.

Philip Blenk and Maria E. Eichensehr, Johnstown.

Harry Kephart and Susie Grove, Glasgow.

Abraham R. Miller, Vintondale, and Maggie Myrtle Rorabaugh, Cambria township.

Death Came Suddenly.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 25.—Never perhaps in the history of accidents or fatalities in Huntingdon county has any occurred in the unusual manner of one reported from Juniata township this evening. It was a most tragic ending of a day supposed to close brightly, and as a result a two-hours' old groom is cold in death and Miss Mary Bowser was a bride for the same length of time.

There was a big country wedding at the home of Mr. James Bowser between 2 and 3 o'clock this afternoon, in which his daughter, Miss Mary, and Jesse Morningstar were the principals. Neither of the contracting parties is over 23 years of age. All was sunshine and happiness at the Bowser home until 5 o'clock this evening and then the place became enshrouded in gloom.

The young married couple were seated in a front room of the dwelling, the bride seated on her husbands lap, peering out of she window. Folks were on the outside, and McClellan Spooneybarger, of this town, passed by the window carrying a loaded gun. The bride playfully remarked that if Spooneybarger would hand her the gun she would kill a turkey, and the request was just as innocently complied with. In drawing the gun across the window sill it was accidentally discharged and the groom received the force of the entire load. His head was literally blown off his shoulders and blood and brains were spilled all over the bride's skirts.

The greatest excitement prevailed when the report reached this town and the coroner and many others at once repaired to the scene, about seven miles distant. The coroner is investing the causes of the tragic fatality.

More Republicans.

By way of variation a little business from Cambria county was sprung upon the court. Mr. W. P. Reese, a modest young attorney from Johnstown, with decided political aspirations, appeared as the representative of a baker's dozen of foreigners from Dunlo, a mining village in Cambria county, who seemed to have been suddenly inspired with the necessity for taking out naturalization papers that they might exercise the right of suffrage at the coming election. It was a somewhat remarkable proceeding to say the least, and for a while it looked as though the Judge would turn it down and send the scheme back to Ebensburg where it belonged. The first applicant called admitted that he could neither read nor write, but thought he would like to become a citizen—it might do him good. Another thought that the seat of government was at Harrisburg and that Abraham Lincoln was the first president. Another gave away the intended politics of the crowd by guessing that Grover Cleveland is the present chief executive, because if he were not he (the applicant) would have a better job than he has. Another had read considerable of the history of the United States "in the Pittsburg *Dispatch*." The witnesses did not hesitate to hold the applicants up as men of *hintelligence*, with a fair sprinkling of total *habstainers*. The whole batch of thirteen finally went through by a scratch; Attorney Reese dropped $16.25 into the wallet of Prothonotary Saylor, and Dunlo's Republican addition took the eleven train for home.—*Somerset Democrat.*

Married.

JONES—FISH.—Married at Fenwicke Hall in Ebensburg on Wednesday, September 25, 1895, by Rev. E. M. Bowman, Mr. Cyrus W. Jones and Miss Hattie Fish, both of Ebensburg.

The FREEMAN, along with the many friends of this young couple, joins in adding its congratulations and wishing them a successful career of wedded joys. The groom is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Jones, of this place, and is a popular and energetic young business man, who has grown up with the extensive millinery and mercantile establishment of Mrs. R. E. Jones, and is its present business manager. The bride is a daughter of Rev. B. H. Fish, of McKeesport, Pa., and is an amiable and accomplished young lady who will adorn his household and preside with grace over his domestic establishment.

After the wedding ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Jones departed on the 3:30 train for a wedding tour and their departure was celebrated with a shower of rice, etc., from a number of friends who had gathered at the station to wish them a long and happy companionship of wedded life.

A Woman Run Down.

Mrs. George Molcham, a Slavish woman, aged about 25 years and residing at Ben's Creek, was struck by a Portage coal train on Friday morning while she was standing on the track, and received injuries that proved fatal. The left arm was torn off at the sholder; the right arm torn off near the elbow; her skull fractured; her nose split open, and several ugly cuts on her head.

She was placed in charge of the county authorities, who in turn placed her in charge of Dr. A. J. Miller, the county physician, at Portage, and by him conveyed to the Memorial hospital at Johnstown where she died on Friday evening.

Who Is She?

A dispatch from New York, dated Sept. 17, says: This morning a wretched old woman, with ragged white hair streaming down over her face and clad in rags that scarcely covered her person, was brought before Magistrate Duell, of Essex Market police court charged with drunkenness. She gave her name as Fannie Wright, aged 71.

One of the oldest detectives recognized her as a criminal with a record that went back for thirty years. In December, 1868, there was a meeting of Minnesota pioneers at the Hoffman House, in New York. About midnight the attention of those in the bar room was engaged by the screams of a woman on the Broadway side and there, struggling in the snow, was a stalwart policeman and a slight figure in black that looked like a young girl, who was fighting the officer like a mad cat. All at once the man fell to the pavement and the woman fled down Broadway. On examination a hat pin, seven inches long was found driven to the end in his left eye. By morning the man was dead and Fanny Wright was brought to trial for the murder of Policeman McChesney.

She had evidently friends and was well defended. Her appearance was that of a refined, delicate lady, with a very interesting face, and the jury heard with surprise that this slight girl, weighing about ninety pounds, was, when under the influence of opium or liquor, a fiend and more than a match for the average policeman. She had some time before nearly killed Joe Coburn, the pugilist, with a knife wound.

Much interest was shown in her behalf and, on conviction, the recorder gave her two years. After serving her time she disappeared from New York.

She had a history. A member of one of the oldest families in Cambria county, Pa., educated in Europe, an accomplished musician, her future seemed a prosperous one, but she went astray with one of her father's servants, who was already a married man, and, cast off by her family, she became an outcast, supporting herself by playing the piano at low concert saloons, until finally she became a murderess.

Death of Lewis Wissinger.

Lewis Wissinger, the oldest resident of Cambria county, died at the home of his son, Harry Wissinger, in Conemaugh township, on Saturday, September 21st, aged 102 years and 3 months. The deceased was born in what is now Stonycreek township, on the 21st June, 1793, being the seventh child in a family of eleven children, all of whom are now dead, and all of whom attained ages ranging from 80 to 90 years. At the time of his birth the surroundings were an unbroken wilderness, his father's small clearing being the only one for miles around. Lewis grew up and worked on his father's farm until when about twenty-five years of age he was united in marriage to Miss Barbara Strayer, who bore him five children and passed away after seventeen years of married life. Lewis, after his marriage continued farming and with the exception of a few years that he spent as a teamster hauling metal with a six-horse team from Shade Furnace to Pittsburg, he followed that vocation all his life. Four years after the death of his first wife he married Miss Margaret Lent, who bore six children and who survives him, being in her seventy-eighth year.

Up to a few months ago Mr. Wissinger had never been ill and his death is attributed to the gradual wearing away of the vital organs incident to old age.

His funeral took place on Monday morning, his remains being interred in the Gozzard graveyard in Conemaugh township.

Real Estate Transfers.

Rose Harkins to Neil Harkins, South Fork; consideration, $1,000.

Alfred Emanuel et ux. to Hibburt Brown, Reade, $300.

George C. Muller et ux. to Lincoln Messenger, Upper Yoder, $5,250.

Lincoln Messenger et ux. to Samuel Gearhart, Johnstown, $2,100.

Victor Heiser to Margaret Recke, Johnstown, $3,200.

Samuel Gearhart et ux. to George C. Muller, Adams, $1,600.

P. Elliot Davis et ux. to Mrs. Sarah E. Ramage, Chest Springs, $450.

Victor Heiser to George Muelheiser, Johnstown, $3,100.

Lizzie A. Hammer et vir. to James W. Peyton, Upper Yoder, $300.

David Rorabaugh et ux. to David F. Warfel, East Conemaugh, $1,300.

Sarah M. Kline et vir. to John H. Morley, Stonycreek township, $150.

Elizabeth Fox to John H. Morley, Morrellville, $400.

I. M. Yearick et ux. to Joseph Esch, Flinton, $1.

Joseph Esch et ux. to Maggie C. Yearick, Flinton, $1.

C. Sheridan et ux. to Edward L. Linton, Lower Yoder, $1.

Spanger Improvement Company to Henry Taylor et al., Spanger, $300.

P. McGough et ux. to Sarah Ann Hargrave, Johnstown, $75.

Burglars in Ebensburg.

At an early hour on last Friday morning the depot building at the railroad station in this place was entered by burglars, who secured an entrance by prying open the door on the north side of the building. After getting in, the safe was attacked and drilled and a sufficient quantity of powder or dynamite inserted and exploded to wreck the safe. The door was blown from the hinges and the contents, consisting of papers, tickets, etc., scattered over the floor.

The safe contained only $2.50 in money and that was all the booty the burglars got. Nothing else was taken. The drill used for boring into the safe was left and was identified by County Treasurer Barker as having been stolen from a box of tools in his creamery building.

Mr. Lloyd, the agent of the P. R. R., heard the noise of the explosion, but supposed it was at the electric light plant and paid no attention to it.

On Saturday evening Joseph Wherry, who had been working in Ebensburg up until the day before the burglary, was arrested at Cresson on suspicion of being implicated in the work. He was taken to Altoona and locked up and on Monday was brought to jail here, but was released in an hour or two after his incarceration, as there was no evidence to warrant his being held.

Must Be Identified.

Justices of the peace and aldermen of our county will take notice that by an act of assembly of May 1, 1895, that the following requirements of the act relating to marriage licenses go into effect on the 1st of October, 1895: That no person shall be joined in marriage until a license shall be obtained from the clerk wherein either of the parties resides or in the county wherein the marriage is performed. Provided, that one or both of the applicants shall be identified to the satisfaction of the clerk applied to for such license. A license so issued shall authorize the marriage ceremony to be performed in any county in the Commonwealth. That by the provision of the above act every justice or alderman executing applications must have one or both parties to be identified before sending the same to the clerk of the court, and upon the said application endorse the word "identified," so that the clerk can issue said license, being satisfied of the identity of the party or parties, as by the application executed by them.

LOST between James Kirk's farm and Ebensburg, on the old plank road, a gum blanket. The finder can leave it at the FREEMAN office. 9.27 GEO. W. SCHERRY.

Miscellaneous Notices.

A GOOD lot Copper Kettles (30 to 40 gallons) and Apple Peelers just received at sep6.4t G. HUNTLEY'S.

FOR RENT.—A new room nicely furnished and suitable for almost any kind of business. Formerly used as an ice cream parlor. Inquire of M. D. BEAKER. sep6

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg Pa. mch22

A FINE line of Single and Double-Barrel Shot Guns, Winchester Rifles, Revolvers, Powder, Shot, Shells, etc., just received at sep6.4t G. HUNTLEY'S.

WANTED.—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in September, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, LESTER LAMMER, Secretary. President.

OPENING of the Oyster Season at McBreen's. The Oyster season will be opened up at McBreen's Restaurant, Ebensburg, on Tuesday evening next, when the finest fresh Oysters in the market can be had to order, stewed, fried or raw. McBreen always keeps the finest oysters, and will continue to do so the coming season. 8 30

ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

BY virtue of an *alias* order issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the storeroom of J. W. Sharbaugh, in the borough of Carrolltown, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 28, 1895,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following valuable real estate, to wit:

No. 1.—A lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 54 feet on Main street, and extending back 150 feet along Carroll street to an alley, having thereon erected a TWO-STORY FRAME STORE ROOM 25 by 80 feet, with an additional warehouse 25 by 46 feet, and a TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE attached to said store-room.

No. 2. A lot of ground situate in Carrolltown borough, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 50 feet on Main street, and extending back 150 feet to an alley, bounded on the north by lot of Mrs. Siberia, and on the south by No. 1, having thereon erected a TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING 26 by 30 feet, and necessary outbuildings.

No. 3.—A lot of ground situate in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 25 feet on Carroll street on the south and extending back 100 feet to an alley, and lot on which is erected the Borough Council Chamber on the east, and an alley on the west, having erected a LARGE WAGON SHED.

No. 4. A lot of Ground situate in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 50 feet on alley, and extending back 104 feet; Watts property on the north, lot of H. E. Bender on the east, and an alley on the south, having thereon erected a LIVERY STABLE, 42 by 65 feet now occupied by E. W. Sharbaugh.

No. 5.—A lot of ground in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 56 feet on Carroll street and extending back 150 feet to an alley, having lot of Catharine McAnulty on the east, and lot on which the Borough Council Chamber on the west, and having thereon erected a LARGE STABLE.

No. 6.—A lot ground in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, fronting 50 feet on Lehmler street, and extending back 100 feet to No. 4, bounded on the north by the Watts property, and on the south by lot of H. E. Bender.

No. 7.—All that certain piece of ground in the borough of Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, bounded as follows: Beginning at a post on alley, thence south 86¼ degrees east 171½ perches to a post and corner of lot formerly of John Wetsel; thence south 3¾ degrees west by land formerly of John Weiser 38½ perches to a post corner of lot of John E. Maucher; thence north 89½ degrees west 17¾ perches to lot of Lawrence Schroth to a post on alley; thence north 3½ degrees east along said alley 38½ perches to a post and place of beginning, containing FOUR ACRES and allowance.

No. 8.—All the undivided half interest of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the borough of Patton, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, beginning at a post, thence by land of Paul Short south 80 degrees east 670 feet to a post; thence by the Cambria & Clearfield railroad south 6½ degrees west 429 feet to a post, thence by land of John Overberger north 65 degrees east 876 feet to a post; thence by the public road from Carrolltown to Patton north 25 degrees east 445½ feet to a post; thence by land of Joseph Gaustner south 65 degrees east 150 feet to a post; thence by same land north 80 degrees west 76 feet to the place of beginning, containing 4 ACRES AND 109 PERCHES. Reserving and excepting, however, out of the said land a strip of ground sold and conveyed by John W. Sherbaugh et ux. and Helena Mellon to the Cambria & Clearfield Railroad Company.

No. 9.—All the coal in, under and upon all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Barr township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post at corner of land of heirs of Vincent Bloomer; thence along said land and land of John Feicht north 2 degrees east 166 perches to a post at line of F. G. Snyder; thence by said land south 87½ degrees east 26½ perches to land of (formerly) W. E. Peterson; thence by said land south 1 degree west 162 perches to a post; thence north 88 degrees west 26 3-10 perches to a post and place of beginning, containing 17 ACRES, more or less. Reserving unto Wm. D. McAnulty, his heirs and assigns the right to bore for oil, or to mine for the minerals through the said coal; also, the parties reserve the right to mine coal for domestic purposes for themselves, and their heirs, free of charge, together with the right to enter, mine and take away all the coal, and to make such openings, shafts, chutes and dumps, improvements, roads and railroads on the land as in the judgment of the party of the second part, his heirs or assigns, may be necessary to conveniently mine the same, and transport such coal and other freight through and over said lands free of charge, hindrance or litigation.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale; one third in six months, and one third in twelve months from confirmation of sale. Deferred payments bear interest and to be secured by the judgment bond of the purchaser.

C. A. SHARABAUGH,
Sept. 6, 1895. Assignee of J. W. Sharbaugh.

Administrator's Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, the undersigned Administrator of Mary J. Risban, deceased, will expose to public sale on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1895,

at one o'clock, P. M., at the house on said premises, all that certain tract of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post; thence by land of Henry Eckenrode north 14 degrees west 106 perches to pointers; thence by land of Rosalia Litzinger north 51 degrees east 57 perches to a corner near a rock; thence by land formerly of the estate of Peter Risban, deceased, south 14 degrees east 96 perches to a post, and thence by land of John Karlheim south 59 degrees west 58 perches to the place of beginning, containing

35 Acres and 100 Perches,
more or less.

This tract of land lays two miles east of the growing town of Patton and close to the road leading from Eckenrode's Mill to Patton. Good spring water, land is nearly all cleared and in good style of cultivation, and under fence. Good orchard and 1½ story house. Land is underlaid with coal.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of the deed and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest secured upon the premises by bond and mortgage of purchaser.

PETER RISBAN,
Administrator of Mary J. Risban, late of Washington township, deceased.
Lilly Pa., Sept. 20, 1895.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to investigate the facts in relation to the petition of Michael Kearney Administrator c. t. a. of the estate of John Kearney, deceased, for an order to sell real estate for the payment of debts, etc., and to report upon the expediency of granting an order of sale, and also the amount to be raised by such sale, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in the borough of Ebensburg on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1895, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they see proper.
ALVIN EVANS,
Ebensburg, Pa., Sept. 27, 1895. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, having been appointed Auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of W. A. B. Little, Trustee to sell the real estate of Abraham Troxell, deceased, as shown by his first and final account to those legally entitled thereto, will sit at the District Attorney's Office, in Court House, Ebensburg, on WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9TH, 1895, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where those interest ed may attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
H. H. MYERS,
Ebensburg, Pa., Sept. 20, 1895. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Philip Noel, deceased.
Letters of administration on the estate of Philip Noel, deceased, late of Munster township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all parties indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
LOCK BOX 242. V. H. NOEL,
Altoona, Pa., Sept. 6, 1895.X Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Christian Walters, deceased.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Christian Walters, deceased, late of White township, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
MARGARET WALTERS,
Coalport, Pa., Sept. 27, 1895.

DENTISTRY.

Do you know we are taking out teeth every day without one particle of pain?

Well, we are doing this very thing with "Odontunder," the only local anæsthetic that has stood the test and to-day it is the only one that is used universally by dentists who are up to date in their callings.

The price for "Odontunder" when painless is 50 cents, but if you experience the least pain, we only charge you the usual price, 25 cents.

How about those teeth that need filling? Well, you say they don't ache. That's just the reason why you should have them filled now. After they have ached once you will probably have to have the nerve killed and the tooth treated if you are desirous of saving it. I only charge 50 cents for amalgum fillings and from $1.00 up for gold fillings. These are hard-time prices but they go just the same. Why procrastinate?—that's a big word but it's a good one right here because procrastination means to the patient loss of sleep, neuralgia, ear-ache, tooth-ache and goodness knows what else. We know of a good many young ladies of our acquaintance who would have been married long ago if it hadn't been for those horrid-looking teeth. Remember, to every patient having teeth filled I give a box of Dr. Richards' tooth powder and full instructions for the care of the teeth. On the 13th of each month I will extract teeth free of charge. You say why on the 13th. Well, now, that's my business. All you have to do is to come. Remember I won't take out your good teeth, because I don't believe in it. Then you say suppose the 13th falls on Sunday. Come right along and we will be only too glad to relieve you of the offending member.

T. M. RICHARDS, D. D. S.,
JULIAN STREET.
jul.14

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,
Naphtha and Gasoline
That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

S. L. REED. MATTHIOT R. A. E.
REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28 93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ebf.-'93

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Colonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware. Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
may2 '95y

Announcement!

We the undersigned, wish to announce to the public and our patrons that we will conduct our business on a

Strictly Cash Basis

on and after Sept. 1, 1895,

and that on and after that date it will be impossible for us to extend any credit.

This will enable us to work at a closer margin and smaller profit, and will be an advantage to our customers as well as to ourselves. Asking you for a continuance of your patronage in the future, as in the past, we remain

Yours Truly,
LUTHER & WILLIAMS.
aug16 8t

PERSONS TO TRAVEL.

WANTED.—Several faithful gentlemen and ladies to travel for established house.

Salary, $780.00 and Expenses.

Position permanent if suited; also increase. State reference and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope.

THE NATIONAL,
316-317-318 Omaha Building, CHICAGO.
aug9 6m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Michael Harkey, deceased.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Michael Harkey, late of the township of Clearfield, county of Cambria, deceased, having been granted to me, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
DENNIS CAWLEY,
Clearfield Twp., Aug. 30, 1895.X Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration in the estate of Miles Ivory, late of Cambria township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having cla

WRECKED BY SPANISH.

Widow's Suspicions of Loss of Vessel and Husband.

AN UNFATHOMED MARINE MYSTERY

The Widow of the Captain of the Lost City of Haverhill Believes the Steamer Was Destroyed by Suspicious Spaniards—Gives Good Evidence.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—General Dumont, supervising inspector of steam vessels, has just completed an investigation covering several months of the loss off Barnegate light, 50 miles south of New York, of the steamer City of Haverhill, with all on board, on the night of March 28 last. The report of the investigation indicates that the wreck of the City of Haverhill will go down in marine annals as one of the unfathomed mysteries. The investigation was of more than usual importance because of claims that might have resulted in an international complication with Spain. These arose from the theory, deeply lodged in the breast of the widow of the captain of the City of Haverhill and persistently adhered to by her, that the vessel was under suspicion by the Spanish authorities of being intended for the use of Cuban filibusters and had been destroyed by Spanish agencies.

General Dumont from the first scouted this theory and refused to believe that the Spanish authorities would destroy, either by dynamite concealed on board or by the use of a submarine torpedo from a Spanish cruiser at that time reported to be cruising along the Atlantic coast, a steamer flying the American flag almost within sight sight of New York. But there were other features of the wreck, which he agreed to thoroughly investigate, and did, but the suspicions of the captain's widow are sensational and plausible.

The City of Haverhill was a stern wheel steamer, built at Newburyport in 1880. She was 150 feet long, of very light draught (four feet when light), of 174 tons displacement and was valued at $15,000. She had been purchased in New York by the Key West Steamship company for carrying passengers from the mainland of Florida along the keys to Key West, and Captain Warren H. Watrous, formerly of Washington, and Key West, Fla., had been sent to New York to bring her to her destination. On the morning of March 27 she sailed for New York, with Captain Watrous, his son, a nephew of Edgar F. Luckenback, for Norfolk, Va., in tow of the ocean tug W. A. Luckenback, intending to proceed thence by the inland passage to Key West under her own steam. Shortly before midnight, when off Barnegat Light, the tow line was cast off by the City of Haverhill, the captain of the tug claims.

The next day the pilotboat James Gordon Bennett found some of the wreckage of the City of Haverhill and the body of Captain Watrous encircled by a life buoy. The press at the time reported that she had probably foundered in a storm, but it was subsequently established that the wreckage was seen by Captain Fred Redmond of the fishing schooner Redmond before the storm came up early the next morning. Captain Redmond, in a letter to Mrs. Grace S. Watrous, the widow of the master of the Haverhill, stated that his opinion was that the vessel had been blown up, as one end of the after saloon, with many heavy timbers, floated to one side of him and the pilothouse and other wreckage to the other. Mrs. Watrous maintained that the boilers could not have exploded, as they had been thoroughly tested before the steamer sailed, and moreover, she did not believe the Haverhill was under her own steam, as the body of the engineer subsequently found was not dressed in working clothes. He had on collar, necktie and cuffs. She was firm in her belief that the City of Haverhill was suspected of being a Cuban filibusterer by the Spanish authorities, and was either sunk by dynamite concealed in her hold and exploded by a time fuse or else a torpedo from the Spanish war vessel at that time reported as cruising on the coast.

Her course, Mrs. Watrous, maintained, must have been known to the Spanish authorities then on the lookout for filibusterers. The fact that the vessel was fitted with cabins and other sleeping accommodations at Brooklyn might, the widow thinks, have strengthened their suspicions had they been watching her. Another point which confirmed Mrs. Watrous in her belief of foul play, was the fact that the tow was cast off shortly before the lose occurred. Captain Williams of the tug claimed in a statement he made that the tug was not under contract to tow the Haverhill to Norfolk, but had simply "hitched on" to two barges he was towing, and that he thought nothing wrong when he found the Haverhill had cast off. Mrs. Watrous, however, maintains that she received a letter from her husband, written before he sailed, saying he would leave in an hour in tow for Norfolk. Captain Watrous' sister has also made affidavit that she was present on the Haverhill when the contract was discussed.

Will Hear the Armormakers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Secretary Herbert has cosented to withhold the advertisements for bids for the proposed battleships until tonight for the purpose of giving those who oppose his first decision an opportunity to present arguments against that part of it which proposed to require bids on the vessels with armor. The secretary has received strong protests from the armor makers of the country and has been visited by President Linderman of the Bethelem works and President Leishman of the Carnegie works, who represented to the Secretary that to ask for bids on the basis proposed would enable one or two shipbuilders to dictate both to the armormakers and to the government.

Talmage Talks on His Call.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 25.—Rev. Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage talking with reference to the call extended to him by the First Presbyterian church at Washington, said that he had received two or three other calls of a like character. The call from Washington, however, was very important and presented a very inviting field, but he wanted a little more time, he said, to carefully consider and weigh the matter in order that he may be positive as to his duty. He said that he would give a definite reply before the close of the week, probably on Saturday.

Oscar Wilde Bankruptcy Case.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—In a hearing of the Oscar Wilde bankruptcy case, counsel for Mr. Wilde stated that his depts amounted to £6,591 and that there were no assets. Several friends it was stated had subscribed a sufficient sum to pay all the claims against Mr. Wilde except that of the largest creditor who is a personal friend of the debtor. The examination was adjourned until Nov. 12.

The Second Race a Fluke.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Sept. 25.—The second race in the series of the best three out of five, between Spruce IV and Ethelwynn, for the perpetual challenge cup offered by the Seawanaha-Corinthian Yacht club ended, as did Saturday's, in a fluke because there was not enough wind to finish within five hours.

Rebellion on Island of Timor.

BATAVIA, Jova, Sept. 25.—A rebellion has broken out among the natives in the Portugnese portion of the Island of Timor. Troops that were sent to quell the insurrection were repulsed and the secretary and three agents of the government were killed. The Governor has started for the interior with reinforcements.

COMBINE LEADERS CONFER.

Determined to Still Keep Up Their Fight on Senator Quay.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 25.—There will be no cessation of the hostilities between Senator Quay and the combine. A conference of the combine leaders has been held in this city, at which it was decided to stand together to the finish. Governor Hastings will not desert those who stood by him in the contest for state chairman. As a proof of his loyalty to them he has consented to allow the combine leaders to name the appointees for the remaining offices at his disposal.

There are 11 deputy factory inspectors yet to be appointed. Two of these will go to Allegheny county and four to Philadelphia. The remainder will be distributed outside these counties. The deputy secretary of agriculture and other appointees in the department of agriculture will be given to the grange leaders. Chris L. Magee and Senator Flinn will name the factory inspectors from Western Pennsylvania. Those from Philadelphia will be selected by David Martin and Mayor Warwick.

The mayor will stay in the combine and proposes to make war on those who opposed him in the recent fight in Philadelphia for state delegates. He claims to have been cheated in the Fifteenth ward, in his home, and will never let up on those who helped to humiliate him by defeating his candidates there for delegates to the state convention. He is "vindictively in earnest," to use the expression of a combine leader, and is itching for another go at the Quay people in the Quaker city.

The conference was attended by Magee, Martin and James C. Haudley, deputy collector of delinquent taxes of Philadelphia; Bank Commission Gilkeson, Major Sam Losch, Schuylkill; Alderman Walter L. Jones, Allentown, Factory Inspector Campbell, Adjutant General Stewart and Secretary of Agriculture Edge.

PRAYING FOR WATER.

Wilkesbarre and Ashley Are Suffering on Account of a Famine.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 25.—The water situation is now, after a few days' relief, worse than before. The famine is a fact as far as the heights is concerned. There, besides the destitution prevailing for the want of water, a pestilence is threatened from the terrible condition of the closets.

Engines pumped water in the heights Thursday, Friday and Saturday until the afternoon. Since then there has been no water sent on the hill. And even then, when the engine was at work, no water reached Parrish street. The suffering on the heights grows apace. It is said not a drop of water is in the Crystal lake. Solomon's creek is dry and the people are praying for rain. The Wilkesbarre Water company has offered all the privileges to the Crystal company it can.

Not a drop of water has been in Ashley since over a week ago. The people of that locality go two miles for water they get at a small source of supply on the mountain side.

There is a dreadful state of affairs pending and somebody will suffer, say the people who are enduring the famine with as much patience as they can.

Damaging Against Pittsburg Police.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 25.—The charges made by Police Magistrates Donahoe and Doherty against the police officials, accusing them of accepting bribes, are being investigated by Director of Public Safety J. O. Brown. Marion Clark, charged with stealing a diamond, swears he paid Detective R. G. Robinson $100 and secured his release. Mrs. Delia Torrence, who ran a speakeasy, testified that she was persecuted by the police.

May Meet English Athletes.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—The University of Pennsylvania athletic authorities have received assurances from the London Athletic club team that they will accept an invitation from the University of Pennsylvania to contest a series of events such as was suggested by Pennsylvania to Team to the Cambridge athletes. Upon the reply from the Cambridge athletes depends whether the meet be offered or not.

Determined to Burn a Church.

WILLOW GROVE, Pa., Sept. 23—The second attempt within three weeks to burn the handsome new Methodist Episcopal church of this place has been made. Fire was first discovered by the motorman and conductor of the York road trolley. They ran back to the car barn and brought up the fire brigade of the trolley company, who with buckets were able to extinguish the flames.

Chloroformed by Burglars.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 25.—Burglars entered the house of Pierce Wolcott, at Kingston, and chloroformed Mr. Wolcott and his wife and then ransacked the house. All they obtained, however, was $2.50 and some silverware.

Killed His Mother.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 25.—Mistaking his mother for a burglar Charles Cooper, aged 19 years, has shot and killed her at their home at Harwood.

China Has the Cash Ready.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—A special dispatch from Shanghai received here says that 30,000,000 taels in silver has been deposited at Shanghai by the Chinese government with which to pay the supplementary indemnity required by Japan as a consideration for the evacuation of the Liao-Tung peninsula.

A Shipwrecked Crew Rescued.

MANISTIQUE, Mich., Sept. 25.—The crew of the lost schooner E. R. Williams, which foundered in Green Bay, have been brought here by the yacht Osceola. They had been found by the yacht on Big Summer Island, where they had been for 24 hours without food or shelter.

Widow of General Crook Dead.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 25.—The widow of General George Crook, the famous Indian fighter, has died at Oakland, Md., at her country place, "Crook Crest." Mrs. Crook's remains will rest beside those of her husband at Arlington cemetery, Washington.

Late Kaiser's Physician Dead.

BERLIN, Sept. 25.—Dr. Henri Adolf Bardeleban, who was one of the surgeons who attended the late Emperor Frederick in his last illness, is dead at the age of 77 years.

Conferred by Faure.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—President Faure has conferred the grand cordon of the Legion of Honor upon General Dragomiroff, who represented Russia at the French army manœuvres at Mirocourt last week.

Foundered With Her Crew.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 25.—Advices from Sault Ste Marie, Mich., state that the barge A. W. Comstock of Algona, Mich., foundered off Stannard's Rock, Lake Superior, in the late storm. Her crew is supposed to be lost.

Led to No Results.

HAMBURG, Sept. 25.—The Boersenhalle declares that the recent conference at Paris between the Standard Oil company and the Russian petroleum firms led to no definite result.

Seven Collieries Start Up.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Sept. 25.—The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company has issued orders to have its seven mines in the Shamokin region start work on full time till further notice. Five thousand men and boys will be affected and the payroll increased $20,000 per month.

New Governor For New Foundland.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Sir Herbert Murray has been appointed governor of New Foundland.

THE IRISH IN EARNEST

The Chicago Convention Marked by Intense Enthusiasm.

IRELAND'S FREEDOM IN VIEW.

Chairman Finerty Makes a Bitter and Sensational Speech — Twenty Million Irishmen Ready to Strike and Circle England With a Wall of Fire.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—The convention of Irish societies in the Y. M. C. A. building is now in full blast and stern earnestness marks the new movement for Irish independence.

The opening of the convention was marked by intense enthusiasm. The formal opening of proceedings was long delayed by the reading of telegrams from Irish sympathizers from all parts of the world and the delay was increased by the great care taken to prevent other than authorized delegates passing the doorkeepers. Chairman Finerty's spirited address calling for prompt and efficient action on behalf of Ireland was frequently interrupted by the cheering of the enthusiastic delegates.

The convention was called to order by John J. O'Connell of Chicago, chairman of the committee of arrangements. Rapping for order, Mr. O'Connell explained the causes leading up to the calling of the convention; that the people of the country had lost faith in the Irish parliamentary party. Requests came from all over the country, urging that such a convention should be held so that the new movement should get down to business. In response to these requests local committees had been formed who had made arrangements to facilitate the work of the convention. For three days the delegates would be called upon to devise means for the furthering of the object for which the gathering had been called. In the wishes of the speaker, the day would not be far distant when an Irish republic, based on the lines of the greatest republic on earth, would be established, to which end this convention would lend invaluable aid if its work were fittingly and properly done.

Mr. O'Connell introduced as temporary chairman ex-Congressman John F. Finerty of Chicago.

Mr. Finerty said the extinguishment of the nationality of Ireland by fraudulent means, which had placed the smaller country at the mercy of the larger. The act of union was passed by a sectarian assemblage, and had been cursed by all true fervent Irishmen since the day of its birth. The various attempts of Irishmen to make the English government listen to reason were recapitulated by the speaker, the first and only one that accomplished the desired result being, in his opinion, the Fenian movement.

The speaker contined: "There are those who fear that we may do something here against the laws of the United States. Our loyalty to the United States is shown in the stars and stripes on our platform here; but our loyalty is a matter entirely independent of and separate from the neutrality laws. Whenever has England paid any attention to neutrality laws? Certainly not in Ireland, where her very presence is a standing memorial of her breach of the neutrality laws. Though there be comparatively few Irishmen left in Ireland to bear the blows of the oppressor, there are 20,000,000 of Irishmen in every part of the world ready and anxious to strike the blow that shall make the old country free."

Mr. Finerty condemned the foreign policy of the United States, and in conclusion said: "We are here to proclaim to the world that the Irish race is by no means defeated or disheartened. There are more Irishmen today than were ever on the face of the earth before. We'll circle England with a wall of fire which shall never be extinguished until Ireland is free.'

The Coke Strike a Failure.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., Sept. 25.—From a personal investigation of the much talked of coke strike from one end of the region to the other, it is evident that the strike has not materialized. The only plant on a strike is the Lemont of the McClure Coke company. The Stewart Iron company's plant is also closed owing to a shortage in the water supply. At the coke workers' convention here the men out were ordered back to work Oct. 10.

Gossiping About Peary's Expedition.

ST. JOHN, N. F., Sept. 25.—The Peary expedition and its doings continue to provide a fertile source of gossip. The newspapers give copious accounts of the journey made to the ice cape, the sufferings of the party and other particulars. Most persons here think that Lieutenant Peary was very imprudent in undertaking such a journey at all after he found that his food caches were lost.

Brave Woman Shows a Revolver.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Sept. 25.—As Mrs. Matthew Bach was returning to Mount Carmel from Mud Valley with $75, the months' wages of her three sons, she was attacked by three men, but made her escape safely by displaying an empty revolver and threatening to shoot to kill.

Will Change Bar Iron Prices.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—An important meeting of the Merchants' Bar Iron association has been in session at the Auditorium. The meeting was conducted behind closed doors and the utmost secrecy prevailed. It was understood there would be a marked change in the prices of bar iron.

Mrs. Waller in Paris.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25. — Seretary Olney has received the following telegram from Ambassador Eutis, dated at Paris: "Mrs. Waller's family has arrived at Paris. She has decided not to visit her husband. Impossible to engage passage before Oct. 2, on which day they will sail on the Amsterdam."

Wagon Struck by a Train.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 25.—A wagon in which were five colored women and one colored man, has been struck by a railroad train here. Allie Bell was instantly killed, Louis Bennett was badly hurt about the back, and the others received severe injuries.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

The Duke of Marlborough left Niagara Falls for the west.

Five people were killed by a landslide in Champlain county, Quebec.

The seaserpent was again sighted by a New York lawyer, off Spring Lake, N. J.

Mrs. Mary Walters of Bridgeport, Conn., swallowed a hornet and lost her voice.

Judge Blake, in the district court of Helena, Mon., held the anti-gambling law unconstitutional.

The Atlanta Journal says that southerners will never teach their children that the rebellion was wrong.

Northern Pacific proceeding in the federal court at Milwaukee will likely force an appeal to the supreme court.

Chief Engineer Melville, U. S. N., thinks that Peary took the wrong route on his Arctic expedition. He thinks Explorer Jackson will reach the pole.

Wealthy American syndicates have sent two noted mining engineers to Corea to inspect the gold regions there, which are reported to be full of the yellow metal.

The report cabled from Paris to the United States on Saturday, that Prof. Pasteur, the discoverer of inoculation as a cure for rabies, is dying, is untrue.

George S. Motzmura, a Japanese, married a white woman of Los Angeles, on the steamer Mexico while at sea. It is supposed they were refused a license in Los Angeles.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

A Lively Contest Develops at the First Day of the Convention.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 25.—The opening day of the Democratic state convention was a crucial one with the Democrats of New York state. The formal proceedings in the convention hall were brief and of the cut-and-dried type, but as is usual at political bodies of this sort, the happenings of greatest interest were behind the scenes.

In the convention hall Mr. Perry Belmont delivered the speech which he had prepared, but deprived the opponents of the national Democratic administration of a chance to display their feeling by omitting a denunciation of the third term idea contemplated when the speech was written. There were the usual cheers for the party leaders, when their names were mentioned and many of the leaders of the state were in the city, conspicuous among them, Senators Hill and Murphy, ex-Gover Flower, Charles S. Fairchild, of the state Democracy, and the Tammany men from Gotham, although Mr. Croker, if he took any part in the councils, did so by wire, since he was in New Haven, many miles away.

Behind the scenes in the councils of the principal committees there were battles under way which directly overshowed the struggles of the various candidates for places on the different tickets. The position to which the party should commit itself on the question of more liberal Sunday excise laws was a bone of contention and some feeling was stirred over the minor contests for representation, but the only bitter issue was that between the state Democracy of New York city and Tammany, where the former claimed a fractional representation of one-third and the latter asserted its claim to the sole control of the party machinery in the metropolis. The result was practically a victory for Tammany, although the state Democracy got a small part of the loaf.

The Prosecution Has Finished.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—The case of the prosecution in the trial of Theodore Durrant has closed. The last hours were spent in putting the finishing touches to the testimony against the accused. Witnesses were summoned to strengthen the entire case by filling in the weak places. The chief point which the prosecution sought to establish was that Durrant had said that the last time he had seen Miss Lamont was when he parted with her on the morning of April 3, she going to school, he to the Cooper Medical college. In all his statements regarding the disappearance of Blanche Lamont the defendant has stuck to the declaration. Witnesses testified otherwise.

Claim $1,000,000 From Huntington.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 25.—Ex-Judge Henry B. Stoddard, representing Horace Chittenden of New York, trustee of the creditors of A. S. Hatch & Co., and A. S. Hatch and F. H. Hatch, individually, has brought application in the superior court to intervene in the suit of Collis P. Huntington against the Newport News and Mississippi Valley Railroad company, and for an order to examine the books. The allegation is that Mr. Huntington is indebted to them and to the company to the amount of $1,000,000, and that the receivership was obtained by Mr. Huntington to prevent the company collecting what he owes to it.

To Express Sympathy For Cubans.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—An adjourned meeting of the general committee for the mass meeting of Sept. 30 to express sympathy with the Cuban revolutionists has been held at the Union League club. Old soldiers and sailors have been invited to attend. A committee from the Illinois State Federation of Trade and Labor Assemblies reported their action abandoning the special meeting of labor unions in order that the unions might co-operate with this mass meeting. Mayor Swift will preside over the meeting.

To Give Postmasters Long Terms.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Both the postoffice department and civil service commission are taking interest in the movement toward putting the fourth-class postmasters under the protection of the civil service laws. While nothing is likely to be done at present, it is probable that before the end of this administration the looked for action will be taken.

China Rejects a British Demand.

SHANGHAI Sept. 25.—It is reported here that China has rejected the British demand for the banishment of the ex-viceroy of Szechuen. An imperial decree which has been issued appoints Li Hung Chang and all the members of the Ysung-Li-Yamen to formulate an extra treaty between China and Japan.

Murdered Captain Identified.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The murdered captain found on board an abandoned schooner near Matthias Point by Captain Geoghan of the steamer Sue, has been identified as Benjamin F. Revelle of Baltimore, and the vessel as the James H. Dixon of Annapolis.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Sept 24

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 66@67c, No. 2 red, 64@65c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 41@42c; high mixed shelled, 37½@38c; mixed ear, 36@40c; No. 2 yellow shelled, 38½@39c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 26@26½c; No. 2 do, 24½@25½c; extra No. 3 white, 24@24½c, light mixed, 23@23½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $16.00@16.25, No. 2 timothy, $14.25@14.75; mixed clover, $13.50@13.75; packing, $7.50@8.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $10.25@10.75; wagon hay, $16.00@17.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 25@26c; Ohio fancy creamery, 21@22c; fancy country roll, 15@16c; low grades and cooking, 5@7c.

CHEESE—Ohio, mild, new, 8@8½c; New York, new, 9½@9¾c; limberger, new, 10@10½c; Wisconsin Swiss, 12@13c; Ohio Swiss, 11¾@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 14½@15c, 1c more for candled.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 60@65c per pair; live chickens, small, 40@50c; spring chickens, 20@55c, as to size; dressed chickens, 10@12c per pound; dressed spring chickens, 13@14c; ducks, 12@13c; live turkeys, 9@10c.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa. Sept 24

CATTLE—Receipts liberal this week, 150 cars on sale and consisting of all grades. The market is opening up very slow with lower prices. We quote: Prime, $5.25@5.40; good, $4.40@4.60; good butchers $4.00@4.25; rough fat, $2.75@3.75; bulls, cows and stags, $1.50@3.00; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@35.00.

HOGS—Receipts fair today, but several cars held over from yesterday. The market is very dull and prices a shade lower. We quote: Prime medium, $4.40@4.50; best Yorkers, $4.35@4.40; common to fair, $4.10@4.25; heavy grades, $4.25@4.30; roughs $3.00@3.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair today with several cars held over from yesterday. The market is very slow at the following prices. We quote exports, $3.20@3.50; extra, $3.00@3.10; good, $2.50@2.90; fair, $1.50@2.00; common, 50c@$1.00. Lambs, $2.00@$4.25; veal calves, $6.00@6.50; heavy and thin, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, Sept 24

HOGS—Market fairly active, strong at $3.65@4.40; receipts, 1,100 head; shipments, 600 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $3.25@5.15; receipts, 400 head; shipments, 300 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep market steady at $1.00@4.00; receipts, 1,400 head; shipments, 700 head. Lambs, market quiet and steady at $2.50@4.25.

NEW YORK, Sept 24

WHEAT—Spot market firmer; No. 2 red, 71c; No. 1 hard, 66¼c delivered.

CORN—Spot market steady. No. 2, 38¾c asked.

OATS—Spot market quiet. No. 2, 24@24½c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 9½c, all half dressed weight refrigerator beef, 8½@10c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, poor to prime, $2.00@3.50; lambs, common to choice, $3.50@5.00.

HOGS—Market weak at $4.40@4.75.

A ROUTE TO THE SEA.

Deep Waterways Convention In Session at Cleveland.

DELEGATES PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The American Congress and the Dominion Parliament Well Represented—A Deep Waterway to the Sea the Object of the Gathering—One Delegate's Speech.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 25.—The delegates to the first annual convention of the Deep Waterways association in session here constitute a representative body. The American congress, the Dominion parliament, big cities on both sides of the international boundary, great universities and scientific associations, boards of trade and organizations of engineers and vessel owners—all forces in the commerce and civilization of the American continent—are represented.

There are among the delegates men prominent in the scientific, educational, commercial, financial and industrial world—and all are inspired by a common purpose—to break the fetters which have heretofore bound the commerce of the great lakes by opening a deep waterway to the sea. The convention may not be able to provide the means for making the great national improvement, but it will discuss the ways and endeavor to select the best.

One of the principal papers at the convention and which explains the object of the association better than any other is that of James Fisher, Q. C., M. P., of Winnipeg. The speaker began by showing the enormous traffic which has developed in recent years on the lakes and rivers tributary to them and the marvelous export trade which has developed in connection with the great inland seas.

"Let the 20-foot channels of the lakes," he said, "be extended from the foot of Lake Erie to the Atlantic and commerce will receive an impetus that will give results as startling as the unparalleled progress of the past. And it will result in a great development of the rich northwest on both sides of the line. I care not in what direction it may reach to Lake Ontario, whether it be by the Welland deepened to 20 feet or by a new channel through the state of New York, the result in either case will be the same.

"Give us the 20-foot depth to the Atlantic and we will see the huge cargoes of 4,000 to 7,000 tons that will be floated on the completed channels of the lake route from the far west from Buffalo carried along in the same grade ships without break of bulk to the ocean, perhaps across the Atlantic to be unloaded at Liverpool or Glasgow."

RUSSIA HAS THE LEAD.

England Alarmed Over Her Rival's Growing Power In China.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—It is announced that, with the sanction of the czar, a Russian bank with very large capital will be opened for business soon at Pekin with a branch at Shanghai. Some of the most prominent financiers and merchants in Russia are interested in the scheme, which has been secretly canvassed. The charter has just been issued. The enterprise is regarded as another indication of Russia's determination to wrest the commercial as well as the political supremacy in the far east from England. Trading emmisaries of Russia have freely assisted the government of China with money, and have already penetrated to the interior of China where they are supplanting the British. An article which appears in The Globe indicates the alarm with which the English view the situation. This article says:

"Russia will unquestionably extort from China the right of way through Manchuria or the Trans-Siberian railway. A struggle for supremacy in Asia is upon us. If British influence does not go under altogether we must bear our part in the old masterful, English spirit, without delay. Thanks to our good relations with Japan, we ought to be able to work that power to our advantage politically and commercially."

BAD CHARGE AGAINST HAWAII.

Exile Ashford's Claim as to Why Greig Got a Severe Sentence.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Mr. Henry Labouchere's Truth protests, in its issue of this week, against the apathy of the English press and parliament at the sufferings of British subjects during the revolution in Hawaii and mentions particularly the cases of the Ashford brothers, who were Canadian barristers and who were imprisoned by President Dole's government upon the flimsiest evidence.

One of them, Volney Ashford, writes to Truth suggesting that William Greig was sentenced to 30 years in prison by a military commission in Hawaii out of pique at his being part owner of Fanning island, where it had been proposed to land the Canadian and Australian cable.

A Lake Vessel Overdue.

SAULT STE MARIE, Mich., Sept. 25.—A dispatch from Port Arthur says that the Canadian Pacific's fine passenger steamer Alberta is 30 hours overdue there. The Alberta left the Sault last Sunday morning. She had a good sized passenger list.

Indiana's Trial Date.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—It is reported to the navy department that the battleship Indiana will be ready for her trial trip Oct. 15. As she has yet to be cleaned and painted she will probably be sent to Halifax for dockin in about ten days.

The Pittsburg Exposition.

Since the annual Exposition has been inaugurated in Pittsburg there have been many successful seasons, the one of 1894 being a particularly auspicious one. But the present season, which was opened September 4, bids fair to far outstrip any record yet made in a single year. The attendance has been uniformly large and gratifying to the management as well as to the exhibitors, there having been no day yet this year when the number of visitors has fallen under the paying mark.

Manager A. F. Keating asserts confidently that if the management is able to accomplish all the plans it has laid out the Pittsburg Exposition will become at least as famous, if not more noted, than any similar institution in the United States. He claims this year to have the largest array of agricultural implements in machinery hall that has ever been gathered in a public exhibit in Western Pennsylvania, as well as the most pleasing variety and amount of displays in the commercial and trade booths. The showing made is without question the best that the Exposition has been able to make, and that is not saying little.

A particular merit of the Exposition this year is the number of attractions it has secured outside the exhibits. Of all these the music is possibly the most popular, for it has been said that the savage is soothed by music, and it is certain that not one out of a hundred people ordinarily can be found who does not love good music. Beginning the season the management had the great band of the late Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore, under the direction of Victor Herbert. This band played until the 14th, closing its engagement on that date. Crowds greeted its efforts enthusiastically at every program. On Monday afternoon, September 16, the Ninth Regiment Band, of New York, began an engagement of two weeks and has proven as popular as Gilmore's. It is under the direction of Signor Luciano Conterno, and the merits of the organization may be readily understood when it is said that it seldom is seen outside of New York owing to the multiplicity of its engagements and its great popularity in the metropolis. Its leader is one of the noted bandmasters of the world. Following this band is to come the famous Innes Band. None of the organizations playing for the Exposition have less than 50 men.

Each Monday night, in connection with the band, the Pittsburg Exposition Choral Society, the largest body of singers in Western Pennsylvania, including 300 voices, many of these being soloists, renders grand sacred oratorios and other works, with accompaniment by the band. The chorus is under the direction of Prof. H. P. Ecker and is conceded to be one of rare capabilities. Friday nights are devoted by the band to classical, or symphograms, which embrace the class of music understood best by musicians and critics.

Beside the band, there are steamers which run excursions down the Ohio river direct from the grounds and at the end of the trip they land their passengers once more in the Exposition, where a second price of admission is not necessary. Also in the grounds are a merry-go-round, a thing of beauty and a joy forever in the childish eye, as well as a sort of amusement which is pleasing to older people; a switchback railway, the cars of which run without steam or electricity, going on the gravity plan, and a scenic theatre. The last named is alone a great feature, as it shows the World's Fair at night and the countless illuminations which were to be seen there, including the most gorgeous pyrotechnic displays which were ever known to the civilized world.

In previous years there has been complaint as to the character of the restaurant run on the grounds, some thinking the food was none too good and the prices not reasonable. As Manager Keating considers the restaurant a feature run for the accommodation of the visitors and not to swell the purses of the people running it, he has enforced a change which he says has proven satisfactory in every way. The management of the cafe has been changed and a reform made in the sort of food as well as in the prices, so that visitors are guaranteed as satisfactory service in the grounds as anywhere in the city outside. Thus a visitor can come in the morning and stay until 11 o'clock in the evening if such a course is preferable.

The railroads reaching Pittsburg have granted concessions this year which were never known to the Exposition before. At all points within a radius of 150 miles of Pittsburg, tickets may be obtained at the rate of 1 cent per mile for each direction traveled. These can be secured nearly every day in the week. Thus it has been made possible for all of Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio, and much of West Virginia to see the Exposition.

Machinery Hall contains novelties which have never been compared in any show ever seen in Pittsburg. Among these are a piece of armor plate weighing 11 tons, which took almost a week of time to put in place, the largest piece of pure plumbago ever mined, a piece of coal weighing 7 tons, the largest piece of coal ever mined, a piece of coke over 9 feet high, a house built of manufactured stone said to have the specific gravity and breaking strength of granite and countless other peculiar and interesting things. The coke region is faithfully represented in miniature and there are a number of patented appliances used in various ways which are of great interest.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

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Is a special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and awaken to find the disease of alcoholism fastened upon them, rendering them unfit to manage affairs requiring a clear brain. A four weeks course of treatment at the

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restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done in more than 1600 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the keeley Cure. The fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

aug 2 94.

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SILVEUS & CARTER, Attorneys at Law, 190 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg.—In re petition of Albion Weigel for satisfaction of mortgage, No. 24, October term, 1895